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基于高分影像的城市水体遥感综合分级方法 杨子谦, 刘怀庆, 吕恒, 李云梅, 朱利, 周亚明, 李玲玲, 毕顺



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渔业复垦塌陷地抗生素抗性基因与微生物群落

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摘要:水产养殖行业抗生素的广泛使用引起了抗生素抗性基因 (antibiotic resistance genes, ARGs) 污染问题. 为探究渔业复垦 塌陷地 ARGs 污染特征,利用宏基因组学技术检测分析了渔业复垦塌陷地 ARGs 的相对丰度和微生物群落结构. 研究区域共检测出 29 种 ARGs, bacA 在所有样品中相对丰度最高,达 $1.96 \times 10^{-5} \sim 1.19 \times 10^{-4}$. 沉积物中磺胺类和四环素类 ARGs 相对丰度较高,并水中多药类 ARGs 相对丰度较高. 微生物群落结构表明变形菌门 (Proteobacteria) 在所有样品中为最优势细菌门,沉积物中绿弯菌门 (Chloroflexi) 和广古菌门 (Euryarchaeota) 较为优势. 属水平上,硫杆菌属 (Thiobacillus) 为沉积物中最优势细菌属,不动杆菌属 (Acinetobacter) 和假单胞菌属 (Pseudomonas) 为井水中优势细菌属. ARGs 与微生物相关性分析表明,菌属与ARGs 间主要呈中度相关,多种菌属与 ARGs 显著正相关,ARGs 的分布受微生物群落结构的重要影响. 渔业复垦塌陷地沉积物与井水均受到 ARGs 污染,应加强相应控制措施保护区域环境.

关键词: 抗生素抗性基因(ARGs); 宏基因组学; 渔业复垦; 微生物群落; 沉积物; 井水中图分类号: X171 文献标识码: A 文章编号: 0250-3301(2021)05-2541-09 **DOI**: 10.13227/j. hjkx. 202009166

Distribution of Antibiotic Resistance Genes and Microbial Communities in a Fishery Reclamation Mining Subsidence Area

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Abstract: The widespread use of antibiotics in the aquaculture industry has caused antibiotic resistance genes (ARGs) pollution. Metagenomics technology was used to detect and analyze the relative abundance of ARGs and microbial community structure in a fishery reclamation mining subsidence area. A total of 29 ARGs were detected, and bacA had the highest relative abundance in all the samples, reaching 1.96 × 10⁻⁵-1.19 × 10⁻⁴. The relative abundance of sulfonamide and tetracycline ARGs in sediments was relatively high and the relative abundance of multidrug ARGs in well water was relatively high. Proteobacteria was the most dominant bacterial phylum in all the samples, and Chloroflexi and Euryarchaeota were relatively abundant in the sediments. Thiobacillus was the most dominant bacterial genus in the sediments, and Acinetobacter and Pseudomonas were the dominant bacterial genera in the well water. The correlation analysis between the ARGs and microorganisms showed that the genera and ARGs were mainly correlated to a moderate degree, and multiple genera had significant positive correlations with ARGs. The distribution of ARGs was affected by the structure of the microbial community. The sediments and well water in the fishery reclamation mining subsidence area were both contaminated by ARGs, and corresponding control measures should be strengthened to protect the regional environment.

Key words: antibiotic resistance genes (ARGs); metagenomics; fishery reclamation; microbial community; sediment; well water

抗生素抗性基因 (antibiotic resistance genes, ARGs)是一种新型环境污染物^[1],广泛存在于不同环境中,如地表水^[2]、沉积物^[3]、土壤^[4]和地下水^[5]等. ARGs 致使细菌普遍产生耐药性,并可通过水平基因转移在细菌间传播^[6],对人体健康和生态系统构成威胁^[7]. 抗生素长期使用和滥用是 ARGs 产生的根本原因,且促进 ARGs 的水平基因转移^[8]. 水产养殖行业抗生素滥用现象严重,导致养殖区域水体中的细菌长期暴露于抗生素的选择压力下,加剧了养殖区及周变环境的 ARGs 污染^[9]. 世界范围内,多数研究表明水产养殖区各类 ARGs 丰度显著高于非养殖水体,如芬兰海水养殖场^[10]、日本海水养殖区^[11]、波兰淡水养殖区^[12]、越南淡水产养殖区^[13]、我国海南、浙江、江苏和天津等地^[14~17].

我国东部矿区地下水埋藏浅,采煤塌陷地的

复垦较为广泛地采取了渔业利用模式^[18].然而,尚不明确煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地 ARGs 的污染特征. ARGs 在环境中可通过径流、人渗等途径迁移^[19,20],复垦区域积水与地下水水力联系紧密^[21]、重金属含量较高^[22]和土壤性质改变^[23]等特性对 ARGs 的迁移具有推动作用,增加了复垦区域 ARGs 的污染风险.

为此,本研究选取我国东部渔业复垦塌陷地为研究对象,采用宏基因组学检测方法,首次对矿区塌陷地沉积物和井水中 ARGs 和微生物群落进行检测分析,以丰富 ARGs 环境研究,以期为遏制耐药性传

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播和环境综合治理提供重要参考.

1 材料与方法

1.1 研究区概况

研究区位于我国东部复垦塌陷地(如图 1),曾 是我国重要煤炭基地,近年来煤矿已经关闭.该地区 20世纪90年代开始塌陷,采取了以渔业复垦为主,畜禽养殖和农业为辅的综合治理模式.鱼塘整齐排列,集中分布,总面积达0.6 km²以上,水深在2.5~5 m之间,多数水深3 m左右.鱼塘区域内有少数居民看守,以井水为生活用水,周围有河流环绕,用于鱼塘补水排水.

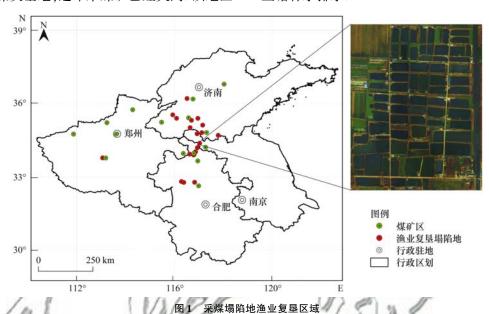


Fig. 1 Fishery reclamation areas in the coal mining subsidence

1.2 样品采集与处理

共采集了 4 个沉积物样品和 1 个井水样品. 在 渔业复垦塌陷地,采集了 5 a 清淤鱼塘沉积物(H1 样品)、10 a 清淤鱼塘沉积物(H2 样品)、河流沉积物(H3 样品)和埋深 20 m 的井水(H5 样品). 在位于渔业复垦塌陷地东南方约 10 km 处,采集了湖泊沉积物(H4 样品). 该湖泊是由采煤塌陷地改造而成的大型生态湿地公园,主题湖面为 3.5 km²,由此探究渔业养殖对塌陷地环境的影响.

沉积物样品采于 3 个不同位点,等份均匀混合,置于无菌密封袋中,放于采样箱中运至实验室. 利用水泵抽取井水 15 L,置于无菌聚乙烯塑料桶中,运回实验室预处理. 根据测序要求,每个沉积物样品混合均匀后,剔除大颗粒沙砾、碎石和生物残体后称取10 g,置于密封袋中,于 -80℃冰箱保持. 10 L 井水样品经 0.22 μm 已灭菌的滤膜后,将滤膜折叠放于离心管中,于 -80℃冰箱保存. 预处理后的沉积物和滤膜样品送至上海美吉生物吉医药科技有限公司进行测序.

1.3 样品测序

使用 FastDNA [®] Spin Kit for Soil (MP Biomedicals, CA, USA) 试剂盒提取样品基因组 DNA. 采用 1% 琼脂凝胶电泳检测 DNA 样品的质量和完整性.用 NanoDrop[™] 2000 分光光度计(Thermo

Fisher Scientific, MA, USA)和 Qubit® 2.0 荧光光谱仪(Thermo FisherScientific, MA, USA)检测 DNA的产量和纯度.

采用宏基因组学技术进行样品测序. 运用Illumina HiSeq 进行多个样品平行混合测序,提取出的 reads 数据以 fastq 格式保存. 使用软件 fastp (https://github. com/OpenGene/fastp)进行质量控制,去除测序接头序列、低质量碱基、N 碱基及长度过短 reads,获得高质量的质控数据.

质控后的 reads 利用 IDBA-UD(https://i.cs. hku. hk/~alse/hkubrg/projrcts/idba_ud/)进行拼接组装. 拼接组装结果利用 MetaGene (http://metagene.cb. k. u-tokyo. ac. jp/)进行基因预测. 将所有样品预测出来的基因序列,用 CD-HIT 软件(http://www. bioinformatics. org/cd-hit/)进行聚类,每个类取最长的基因作为代表序列,构建非冗余基因集. 使用 SOAPaligner 软件(http://soap.genomics.org.cn/),分别将每个样品的高质量reads与非冗余基因集进行比对(默认参数为:95%置信度),统计基因在对应样品中的丰度信息. 使用 BLASTP(BLAST Version 2.2.28 +,http://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi)将非冗余基因集与 NR 数据库(非冗余蛋白质的氨基酸序列数据库)进行比对,并通过 NR 库对应的分类学信

息数据库获得物种注释结果,使用物种对应的基 因丰度总和计算该物种的丰度. 再将非冗余基因 集与 ARDB 数据库 (antibiotic resistance genes database)进行比对,比对参数设置为"严格 (strict)"比对,获得 ARGs 注释结果.

结果与分析

2.1 煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地 ARGs 分布特征

5 个样品总共检测出 29 种 ARGs, H1、H2、 H3、H4 和 H5 样品分别检测出 9、6、18、3 和 25 种 ARGs. 如图 2 所示, bacA 在所有样品中占比最

高(42,45%~99,57%), 渔业复垦塌陷地不同清 淤年限鱼塘检测出的 ARGs 相近,除 bacA 之外磺 胺类和四环素类 ARGs 丰度较高,主要包括 sull、 sul2 \tet36 和 tetC 等. 河流沉积物和井水样品检测 出的 ARGs 种类显著多于其他样品, 而两者的 ARGs 在种类上存在较大差别. 河流沉积物中磺胺 类和四环素类 ARGs 丰度较高,如 sul1、sul2、tet36、 tetM 和 tetC 等; 井水中多药类 ARGs 丰度较高,如 mexW、oprN、mexF 和 mexE 等. 非渔业复垦塌陷地 沉积物中仅检测出3种ARGs,分别为bacA、ereA和 tetC.

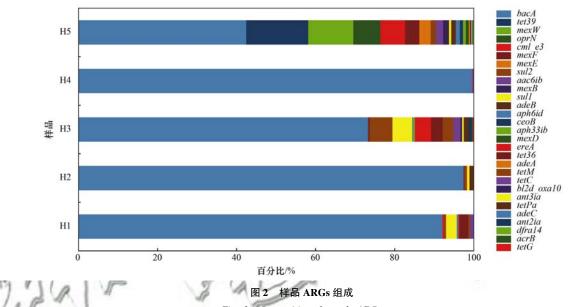


Fig. 2 Composition of sample ARGs

使用 Illumina HiSeq 测序,各样品 reads 数如下: H1(41732918), H2(40757446), H3(52732182), H4(52 958 728)和 H5(51 872 372). ARGs 相对丰度 为样品中 ARGs 的 reads 数与样品总 reads 数的比 值. 其中 bacA 的相对丰度分别为 H1(1.96×10⁻⁵)、 $H2(2.25 \times 10^{-5})$, $H3(2.56 \times 10^{-5})$, $H4(3.55 \times 10^{-5})$ 10⁻⁵)和 H5(1.19×10⁻⁴). 其余 ARGs 的相对丰度 较低,分别为: H1(4.79×10⁻⁸~5.75×10⁻⁷)、H2 $(4.98 \times 10^{-8} \sim 1.47 \times 10^{-7})$, H3 $(3.79 \times 10^{-8} \sim$ 2.01×10^{-6})、 $H4(3.78 \times 10^{-8} \sim 1.13 \times 10^{-7})$ 和 H5 (3.86×10⁻⁸~4.40×10⁻⁵). 渔业复垦塌陷地两种 鱼塘沉积物样品 ARGs 相对丰度相近,河流沉积物 中的 ARGs 相对丰度略高于鱼塘沉积物. 井水中 ARGs 相对丰度远高于沉积物,多数 ARGs 相对丰度 高于 1.0 × 10⁻⁶.

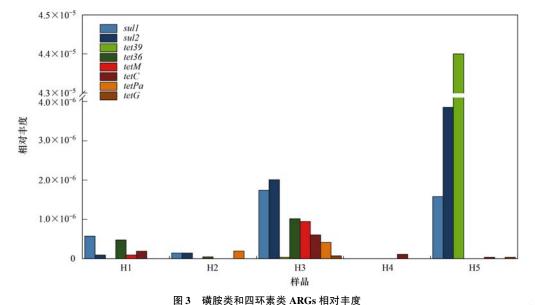
磺胺类和四环素类 ARGs 是水产养殖行业研究 重点,煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地中检测到的磺胺类 ARGs 有 sul1 和 sul2, 四环素类有 tet39、tet36、tetC、 tetM、tetPa 和 tetG. 如图 3 所示,两种鱼塘沉积物中

四环素类 ARGs 各不相同, 而河流沉积物中 8 种磺 胺类和四环素类 ARGs 均检测到,且相对丰度高于 鱼塘沉积物. 井水中 tet39、sul1 和 sul2 相对丰度较 高,多种沉积物中的四环素类 ARGs 未检测到.

2.2 煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地微生物群落结构

5 个样品中共检测出 129 个门,2 731个属. 在门 分类学水平上(如图 4),变形菌门(Proteobacteria) 在所有样品中均最为优势,其次较为优势的有绿弯 菌门(Chloroflexi)、广古菌门(Euryarchaeota)、拟杆 菌门(Bacteroidetes)、厚壁菌门(Firmicutes)和放线 菌门(Actinobacteria)等. 渔业复垦塌陷地沉积物中, 两种鱼塘沉积物细菌门分布差异较小,河流沉积物 中绿弯菌门(Chloroflexi)和广古菌门 (Euryarchaeota) 丰度明显较高. 井水中几乎全为变 形菌门(Proteobacteria).

在属分类学水平上,H1、H2、H3、H4和H5样品 分别检测出2417、2305、2388、2337和1791个属. 如图 5 所示,不动杆菌属(Acinetobacter)、假单胞菌 属(Pseudomonas)、水小杆菌属(Aquabacterium)、硫



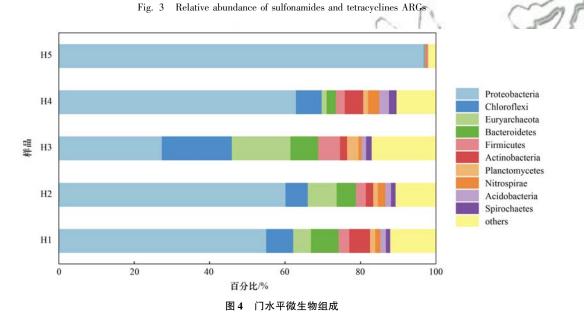


Fig. 4 Composition of microorganisms at the phylum level

杆菌属(Thiobacillus)、甲烷丝菌属(Methanosaeta)等丰度较高. 沉积物样品中微生物在属分类学水平上分布较为均匀,各菌属占比较低,硫杆菌属(Thiobacillus)均为最优势细菌属,在各样品中分别占比3.91%、5.92%、2.76%和6.89%. 其次,渔业复垦塌陷地鱼塘和河流沉积物中甲烷丝菌属(Methanosaeta)和史密斯氏菌属(Smithella)丰度较高,而非渔业复垦塌陷地湖泊沉积物中丰度较低. 井水中的菌属分布与沉积物样品具有明显差异,优势菌属主要为不动杆菌属(Acinetobacter)、假单胞菌属(Pseudomonas)和水小杆菌属(Aquabacterium),分别占比55.32%、19.03%和12.55%.

2.3 煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地 ARGs 与微生物相关性分析

选取丰度前 30 的菌属与 ARGs 进行 Spearman

相关性分析,相关性热图如图 6 所示. 30 种菌属与 29 种 ARGs 间共 870 个对应关系,其中菌属与 ARGs 间主要(526/870)呈中度相关(相关系数绝对值大于 0.5),少数(75/870)高度相关(相关系数绝对值大于 0.8).显著性分析得出菌属与 ARGs 间部分(60/870)相关性显著(P<0.05),而 30 种菌属中有多种菌属与 ARGs 显著正相关(14/30).不 动 杆 菌 属 (Acinetobacter)、假 单 胞 菌 属 (Pseudomonas)和水小杆菌属(Aquabacterium)与绝大 多 数 ARGs 呈 正 相 关,不 动 杆 菌 属 (Acinetobacter)与多种 ARGs 相关性显著,假单胞菌属(Pseudomonas)和水小杆菌属(Aquabacterium)与 bacA 相关性显著. 硫杆菌属(Thiobacillus)与 ARGs 主要呈负相关,与 cml_e3、aph6id 相关性显著. 此外,与 ARGs 呈显著负相关的菌属有类固醇

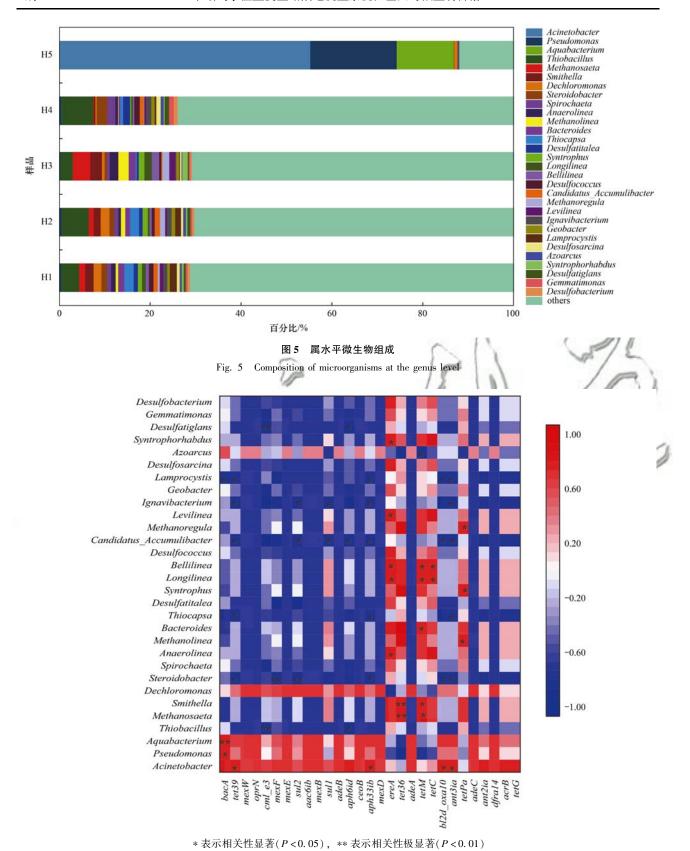


图 6 ARGs 与微生物相关性分析 Fig. 6 Correlation analysis of ARGs and microorganisms

杆菌属(Steroidobacter)、荚硫菌属(Thiocapsa)、Candidatus_Accumulibacter、Ignavibacterium 等;与ARGs 呈显著正相关的菌属有甲烷丝菌属(Methanosaeta)、史密斯氏菌属(Smithella)、长绳菌

属(Longilinea)和厌氧绳菌属(Bellilinea)等. 其中, 磺胺类 ARGs 与部分菌属显著负相关; 四环素类 ARGs 与部分菌属显著正相关; 多药类 ARGs 与菌 属的相关性较不显著.

3 讨论

3.1 ARGs 分布特征分析

宏基因组学技术已应用于水、土壤、大气、沉积物和活性污泥等多种环境的 ARGs 检测. 如表 1 所示,目前应用于 ARGs 检测分析的数据库主要有ARDB、CARD (comprehensive antibiotic resistance database) 和 SARG (structured ARG reference database)等. ARDB 是第一个被建立的 ARGs 数据库,已于 2009 年停止更新,并将数据整合入 CARD

数据库中. 然而, ARDB 数据库仍然受到一些研究者的青睐, 水产养殖区域的 ARGs 检测分析较为广泛地应用了该数据库. 相比于其他数据库, 多数基于ARDB 数据库的检测结果中, bacA 相对丰度最高, 并占据全部 ARGs 的较大比例. Gupta 等^[24]提出不同测序平台和不同 ARGs 数据库, 其检测结果或存在较大的差异, 针对不同环境应选择较为适用的数据库,以保障检测结果的准确可靠. 本研究为较好地对比分析渔业复垦塌陷地 ARGs 的污染特征, 采用ARDB 数据库进行 ARGs 注释.

表 1 宏基因组学技术 ARGs 检测信息

Table 1 ARGs information detected by metagenomics technology

样品类型	ARGs 信息	相对丰度	ARGs 数据库	文献
海水养殖水样	sul1 、tet34 和 bacA 等 50 种	4. 55×10^{-10} * ~ 2. 70×10^{-7}	ARDB	[25]
淡水养殖水样	bacA 、arcB 和 mexF 等	7. $62 \times 10^{-6} \sim 4.04 \times 10^{-5}$ *	ARDB	[26]
淡水养殖沉积物	smeE 、mexF 和 bacA 等 67 种	$5.90 \times 10^{-7} \sim 4.05 \times 10^{-6}$ *	ARDB	[27]
淡水养殖水样	mexF、mexW 和 mexB 等 102 种	$1.00 \times 10^{-7} \sim 1.00 \times 10^{-4}$ *	ARDB	[27]
河流沉积物	bacA 、tet39 和 sul1 等 66 种	8. 40 × 10 ⁻³ **	ARDB	[28]
冰川土壤	34 种中 bacA 占绝大多数(87%~99%)	1. 62 × 10 ⁻³ **	ARDB	[28]
深层冻土	35 种中 bacA 占绝大多数(92%~99%)	8. 17 × 10 ⁻⁴ **	ARDB	[28]
南极土壤	bacA 、ceoB 和 dfrE 等 79 种	4. 08 × 10 ⁻⁵ **	ARDB	[29]
河流沉积物	70种	1. 96 × 10 ⁻⁴ **	CARD	[30]
海洋沉积物	46 种	9. 30 × 10 ⁻⁵ **	CARD	[30]
污水厂活性污泥	94~133 种	1. $68 \times 10^{-4} \sim 1.84 \times 10^{-4} **$	CARD	[30]
污水厂活性污泥	sav1688、dfrE 和 mfd 等 74 种	_*** /// \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	CARD	[31]
污水厂脱水污泥	_124 种	5. 28 × 10 ⁻⁴ **	CARD	[32]
污水厂活性污泥	sul1 、sul2 和 ermB 等 153 种	1+	SARG	[33]
大气悬浮颗粒物	sul1 、bacA 和 lnuA 等 643 种	***	SARG	[34]

*单个 ARGs 相对丰度范围; **全部 ARGs 相对丰度总和; ***"一"表示无相对丰度数据或相对丰度表示方式不同

与先前研究相比,渔业复垦塌陷地中检测出的 ARGs 种类较少. 样品类型、环境条件和 DNA 提取 方法等对测序过程均有影响[35],塌陷地沉积物中含 有较多的碎石、沙砾等杂质,可能限制了检测出的 ARGs 种类和相对丰度. 此外,不同数据库中 ARGs 信息存在差异,对 ARGs 的检测结果也有一定影 响^[24,30]. 沉积物中除 bacA 外其余 ARGs 相对丰度处 于较低水平, 井水中多数 ARGs 处于较高水平, 研究 区域地下水存在安全隐患. Zhao 等[27]的研究结果显 示同一养殖区域水体中的 ARGs 相对丰度同样高于 沉积物. 渔业复垦塌陷地沉积物中检测出一定相对丰 度的 sul1 和 sul2,水体中其相对丰度或更高,结合塌 陷地地质环境的推动作用以致井水中呈现较高的丰 度. 井水中的多种 ARGs 未在沉积物中检测到, 除渔 业养殖污染外还包括其他污染源,如养殖区内的鸡、 鸭、羊等或养殖区之外的其他污染源. 鱼塘沉积物中 磺胺类和四环素类均在河流沉积物中检测到,水产养 殖废水是该区域河流 ARGs 污染的重要来源.

3.2 微生物群落结构分析

不同区域微生物群落结构存在差异,环境因素

发挥着重要作用^[36]. 变形菌门(Proteobacteria)基本 在所有相关研究中均最为优势[25,26]. 绿弯菌门 (Chloroflexi)和广古菌门(Euryarchaeota)可以在热 泉和高盐等极端环境中生存[37,38].厚壁菌门 (Firmicutes)特殊的细胞结构能适应复杂环境,环境 污染程度较高时呈现出较高的丰度[39]. 河流沉积物 中绿弯菌门(Chloroflexi)、广古菌门(Euryarchaeota) 和厚壁菌门(Firmicutes)的丰度较高,污染或最为严 重. 由于矿区环境、养殖废水和生活污水的综合作 用,研究区域存在环境污染现象,进而对微生物群落 结构造成了影响. 井水中主要为变形菌门 (Proteobacteria),推测研究区域地下环境受煤矿污 染的程度较轻. 属分类学水平上, 硫杆菌属 (Thiobacillus)所属变形菌门,为自养型革兰氏阴性 菌,以元素硫、硫代硫酸盐等物质为能源,可氧化硫 类化合物为单质硫和硫酸盐,在水污染治理方面具 有脱氮除硫的作用[40]. 沉积物中硫杆菌属 (Thiobacillus)最为优势,与王龙飞等[41]对江苏省水 源地的调查结果相同. 甲烷丝菌属(Methanosaeta)为 革兰氏阴性菌,极端严格厌氧.水产养殖区污染严重 的水体呈现出高浊度、高色度及富营养化现象,降低了水体氧气含量,从而可能导致了鱼塘和河流沉积物中甲烷丝菌属(Methanosaeta)占比较高. 鱼塘中具有定期曝气设施以保障鱼类生长生存,降低了甲烷丝菌属(Methanosaeta)的丰度. 井水中较为优势的不动杆菌属(Acinetobacter)和假单胞菌属(Pseudomonas)为致病菌,可引起呼吸道、泌尿道等感染和败血症,且具有耐药性[42],以井水为饮用水水源存在潜在的健康威胁.

3.3 微生物群落结构对 ARGs 分布的影响分析

微生物群落结构会影响 ARGs 的产生和丰度^[43]. Wang 等^[44]对洪湖中微生物群落和 ARGs 的研究表明,厚壁菌门、变形菌门和芽单胞菌门等与ARGs 呈显著正相关;罗晓等^[45]对河流中的微生物群落和 ARGs 相关性分析表明,少数菌属与 ARGs 存在相关性. 本研究中,多数菌属与 ARGs 间的相关性较强,而少数菌属与 ARGs 间相关性显著. 不同环境中微生物群落结构不同, ARGs 的分布和诱导的潜在机制可能有所不同^[46],进而微生物与 ARGs 的相关性存在差异.

不动杆菌属(Acinetobacter)和假单胞菌属 (Pseudomonas)与多种 ARGs 呈显著正相关,致病菌 或是多种 ARGs 的共同宿主,与先前研究相符[41]. 多种菌属与四环素类 ARGs 显著正相关,其中甲烷 丝菌属(Methanosaeta)、甲烷蝇菌属(Methanolinea)、 长绳菌属(Longilinea)和厌氧绳菌属(Bellilinea)等 属于绿弯菌门(Chloroflexi)和广古菌门 (Euryarchaeota),这些门的微生物可能是沉积物中 四环素类 ARGs 的重要宿主. 硫杆菌属 (Thiobacillus)与 ARGs 呈负相关, Chen 等[47]的研究 表明,硫杆菌属(Thiobacillus)对土霉素具有一定的 生物降解作用,从而可能间接抑制 ARGs 的水平基 因转移,降低 ARGs 的相对丰度. 多数研究表明微生 物群落对 ARGs 分布的影响较大,而环境因素对微 生物群落的影响较大[44,48,49]. 煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地 中,井水和不同沉积物间的环境条件存在差异,呈现 出不同的微生物群落结构,进而呈现出不同的 ARGs 种类和相对丰度. 不动杆菌属(Acinetobacter) 和假单胞菌属(Pseudomonas)占比较高的井水中 ARGs 相对丰度较高,而硫杆菌属(Thiobacillus)占比 较高的沉积物中 ARGs 相对丰度较低,绿弯菌门 (Chloroflexi)和广古菌门(Euryarchaeota)占比较高 的河流沉积物中四环素类 ARGs 相对丰度较高,这 表明微生物群落结构对 ARGs 的分布具有重要 影响.

4 结论

- (1) 渔业复垦塌陷地共检测出 29 种 ARGs, bacA 在所有样品中相对丰度最高. 沉积物中四环素和磺胺类 ARGs 相对丰度较高, 井水多药类 ARGs 相对丰度较高. 煤矿渔业复垦塌陷地沉积物和井水中均受到 ARGs 的污染, 相应的管理和控制措施有待加强.
- (2) 微生物群落结构上,变形菌门(Proteobacteria)在所有样品中最为优势;沉积物中优势菌属为硫杆菌属,井水中优势菌属为不动杆菌属(Acinetobacter)和假单胞菌属(Pseudomonas).
- (3)致病菌属和所属绿弯菌门(Chloroflexi)和 广古菌门(Euryarchaeota)的菌属或是 ARGs 的潜在 宿主,微生物群落结构影响着 ARGs 的分布.

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