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茶渣生物炭制备及其对溶液中四环素的去除特性

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摘要:以茶渣(tea waste)为对象,在300、500 和700℃ 限氧条件下热解制备成生物炭(TWBC300、TWBC500 和TWBC700),研究其对溶液中四环素(tetracycline,TC)的去除特性.采用元素分析、比表面积分析仪、傅里叶红外光谱(FTIR)和 X 射线光电子能谱(XPS)对 TWBC300、TWBC500 及 TWBC700 进行表征;考察生物炭添加量、溶液初始 pH、离子类型及强度等因素对四环素去除效果的影响;结合吸附动力学、吸附等温线和仪器表征结果探究生物炭对溶液中四环素的作用机制.结果表明,适合的生物炭投加量为 4.0 g·L⁻¹.溶液初始 pH 对生物炭去除四环素的影响较小.溶液中阳离子类型对生物炭吸附四环素的抑制作用依次是 $Mg^{2+} > Ca^{2+} > K^+ > Na^+$. NH_4^+ 能略微促进生物炭对四环素的吸附,而铜离子却显著抑制生物炭对四环素的去除.环境温度增加能提升生物炭对四环素的去除效果. 拟二级动力学方程和 Langmuir 模型可以较好地拟合茶渣生物炭吸附四环素的过程. 茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附量依次是 TWBC700 > TWBC300。孔隙扩散、氢键和 π - π 作用是茶渣生物炭去除四环素的主要机制. 因此,高温制备的茶渣生物炭可作为废水中四环素去除的良好吸附剂.

关键词:茶渣生物炭(TWBC);四环素(TC);吸附动力学;吸附等温线;机制

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Preparation of Tea Waste Biochar and Its Application in Tetracycline Removal from Aqueous Solution

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Abstract: Tea waste biochar (TWBC) was prepared at 300°C, 500°C, and 700°C under oxygen-limited atmosphere, and was characterized by elemental analysis, Brunauer-Emmett-Teller measurement, Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy, and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy. TWBC was then used to remove tetracycline from aqueous solution. The influences of solid-to-liquid ratio, pH, ionic types, and strength were investigated. The potential mechanism between tetracycline and TWBC was also explored. The results showed that the proper solid-to-liquid ratio was 4 g·L⁻¹. The pH of the solution had little influence on the removal of tetracycline. The inhibition effects of cation ions on tetracycline follows $Mg^{2+} > Ca^{2+} > K^+ > Na^+$. The NH_4^+ in the solution can slightly promote the adsorption of tetracycline by TWBC700. However, the existence of Cu can decrease the adsorption effect of tetracycline by TWBC700. Increasing temperature can improve the adsorption effect of tetracycline by TWBC700. The pseudo-second-order and Langmuir model can well fit the adsorption process of tetracycline onto TWBC. The adsorption capacity of tetracycline by TWBC was TWBC700 > TWBC500 > TWBC300. The mechanisms of tetracycline by TWBC referred to the pore-filling effect, hydrogen binding, and π - π interaction. Therefore, high-temperature TWBC has the potential to act as an adsorbent for removing tetracycline from wastewater.

Key words: tea waste biochar (TWBC); tetracycline (TC); adsorption kinetics; adsorption isotherm; mechanism

据统计,中国每年抗生素生产量约21万t,大部分使用于医药和畜禽养殖行业[1]. 抗生素被摄人体内后很难被消化系统吸收,大部分抗生素以原型或代谢产物排到体外进入土壤或水体,从而导致环境污染. 水体环境中抗生素的主要来源包括污水处理厂废水、化工制造业废水、畜牧业和水产养殖业. 四环素是环境中广泛存在和检出频率最高的抗生素之一,若不加以控制,会经过食物链在生物体中富集、积累,导致耐药性基因传播,甚至造成致畸和致突变等,最终危害人类的健康[2]. 因此,如何有效控制水体环境中抗生素污染至关重要.

废水中抗生素污染物的去除方法包括吸附法、 生物法、膜处理法、混凝法和高级氧化法等^[3,4].由 于具备工艺简单、处理效果稳定和价格相对较低等 特点,吸附法是废水中四环素类抗生素去除的重要方法.吸附剂选择和吸附机制探讨是研究的重点.常用的吸附剂包括活性炭、分子筛、硅胶和树脂等,但是昂贵的价格限制了其广泛应用^[5].亟需寻找来源广泛、成本较低和去除效果良好的吸附剂.

近年来,生物炭作为废水中污染物的吸附剂被 广泛研究.生物炭是在限氧条件下热解生物质或有 机废弃物制得的炭质材料,具有良好的孔隙结构、

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作者简介: 范世锁(1985~),男,博士研究生,副教授,主要研究方向 为固体废弃物处理及资源化利用, E-mail: fanshisuo@ ahau. edu. en 丰富的表面官能团类型(如羧基、羟基和氨基等)和较大的比表面积^[6]. 生物炭或改性生物炭对四环素的去除已有研究报道. 如,程扬等^[7]研究了中药材三桠苦药渣和玉米秸秆生物炭对水溶液中四环素的去除特性研究. Premarathna 等^[8]研究了改性生物炭对四环素的去除. Zeng 等^[9]研究了甲醇改性生物炭对四环素的去除特性. Zhou 等^[10]研究了改性木屑生物炭对四环素的吸附. Premarathna 等^[11]研究了活化生物炭对四环素的去除. 上述研究均显示生物炭或改性生物炭可成为良好的吸附材料用于废水中四环素类抗生素的去除.

中国是茶叶生产和消费大国,每年茶叶生产量达 200 多万 t^[12]. 茶叶生产或应用后会产生大量的茶渣,如处理不当,可能会造成严重的环境污染问题. 茶渣中含有大量的纤维素、半纤维素、木质素、蛋白质、氨基酸、维他命、茶多酚和微量元素等^[13,14],这些组分决定了茶渣具有资源化利用的潜力. 以茶渣为原料制备生物炭是其资源化途径的重要选择,可拓宽茶渣资源化利用的范围. 茶渣生物炭制备及应用的研究已有报道. 如,茶渣生物炭或改性生物炭对磺胺二甲嘧啶^[15]、环丙沙星^[16]、2,4-D^[17]、卡巴呋喃^[18]、Cd^[19]、元素态 Hg^{0[20]}和PO^{3-[21]}等吸附去除. 上述研究均显示茶渣生物炭可作为良好的吸附剂或修复剂去除水体中的污染物. 然而,系统研究不同热解温度制备茶渣生物炭对溶液中四环素的吸附行为及机制却鲜见报道.

综上,本文以茶渣废弃物为研究对象,在300、500和700℃下限氧热解制备成茶渣生物炭,并对生物炭进行表征.优选去除效果好的生物炭,考察pH、离子类型和强度、重金属铜离子及环境温度对四环素去除的影响,结合吸附动力学和吸附等温线,探究茶渣生物炭对废水中四环素的作用机制,以期为茶渣的资源化利用及废水中四环素的去除提供参考.

1 材料与方法

1.1 实验试剂

四环素(tetracycline, TC, $C_{22}H_{24}N_2O_8 \cdot HCl$) 购于上海源叶生物有限公司, 其它化学试剂 $CaCl_2$ 、NaCl、KCl、 $MgCl_2$ 、 NH_4Cl 、NaOH 和 HCl 为分析纯, 购于国药集团化学试剂有限公司. 实验用水为超纯水(美国 Millipore 公司).

1.2 生物炭制备

茶渣(tea waste, TW)样品来自皖南某茶厂的废弃物.将茶渣进行水洗、干燥、破碎后过100目筛备用. 称取一定量茶渣于石英舟中,放置于马弗炉

(OTF-1200X-S,合肥科晶材料技术有限公司)中,升 温速率为 15℃·min⁻¹,达到设定温度后(300、500 和 700℃)停留 1 h,等降至室温后,取出生物炭,研 磨后过 100 目筛保存备用.

1.3 序批式吸附实验

生物炭添加量对四环素去除效果的影响:将体积为10 mL的四环素溶液(10 mg·L⁻¹)放置于棕色玻璃瓶中,按固液比0.5、1、2、3 和 4 g·L⁻¹的比例添加一定量的生物炭到四环素溶液中. 将棕色瓶放置于恒温振荡箱中以150 r·min⁻¹避光振荡24 h,待吸附稳定后,离心、过膜(0.45 μ m),然后用紫外可见分光光度计(UV-5100B,上海元析仪器有限公司)在358 nm处测得TC的吸光度,根据标准曲线计算浓度,并按公式(1)和(2)计算TC的去除率(R)和吸附量(q_e).

$$R(\%) = \frac{c_0 - c_e}{c_0} \times 100$$
 (1)
$$q_e = \frac{c_0 - c_e}{c_0} \times \frac{V}{m}$$
 (2)

式中, R 为去除率(%); c_0 为溶液中 TC 的初始浓度(mg·L⁻¹); c_e 为溶液中 TC 的平衡浓度(mg·L⁻¹); q_e 为平衡吸附量(mg·g⁻¹); V 为溶液体积(L); m 为茶渣生物炭添加量(g).

溶液初始 pH 值对生物炭去除四环素的影响: 将体积为 10 mL 的四环素溶液 $(10 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{L}^{-1})$ 置于棕色玻璃瓶中,使用 $0.1 \text{ mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$ HCl 或 $0.1 \text{ mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$ NaOH 调节溶液 pH 范围在 $3.0 \sim 11.0$,添加 0.04 g TWBC700 生物炭到棕色玻璃瓶中,之后振荡、离心、过膜和测定(步骤同上).

离子类型和强度对生物炭去除四环素的影响: 选择 Na⁺、K⁺、Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺和 NH₄⁺ 作为离子类型. 四环素溶液浓度为 $10 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$,将 NaCl、KCl、CaCl₂和 MgCl₂溶液浓度分别调节在 0.01、0.1 和 $1 \text{ mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$,NH₄Cl 浓度分别调节在 0.1、0.5、1、2 和 $3 \text{ mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$,将 10 mL 的四环素溶液放置在棕色玻璃瓶中,添加 0.04 g TWBC700 到玻璃瓶中,之后振荡、离心、过膜和测定(步骤同上).

铜离子对生物炭去除四环素的影响:考察 Cu^{2+} 对生物炭去除四环素的影响, Cu^{2+} 浓度设定为 5、10、30 和 50 $mg \cdot L^{-1}$, 其它步骤同上.

吸附 动力学实验: 配制 10 mL 浓度为 10 mg·L⁻¹的 TC 溶液,按固液比为 4 g·L⁻¹分别加入 TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700,同时放入 10 个 棕色玻璃瓶于恒温振荡箱中,温度设置为 25 $^{\circ}$,在 0 ~360 min 内分别拿出棕色玻璃瓶,拿出后立即离心、过膜(0.45 $^{\circ}$ μm),然后用紫外分光光度计在 358

nm 处测得 TC 的吸光度,并按照公式(3) 计算吸附量.

$$q_t = (c_0 - c_t) \times V/m \tag{3}$$

式中, q_t 为 t 时刻茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附量 $(\text{mg}\cdot\text{g}^{-1})$.

吸附等温线实验:在 20 mL 棕色玻璃瓶中加入 10 mL 浓度范围在 $5 \sim 30 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$ 的 TC 溶液 (pH 未调节),分别加入 TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 生物炭,设定固液比为 $4 \text{ g} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$. 将棕色瓶放置在恒温振荡箱(温度设定 $45 \, ^{\circ} \text{C}$,转速 $150 \text{ r} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$) 中避光振荡 24 h,待吸附稳定后,离心、过膜(0.45 μm),然后用紫外分光光度计在 358 nm 处测得 TC的吸光度.

环境温度的影响:将 10 mL 的 TC 溶液 (5~30 mg·L⁻¹) 放置在棕色玻璃瓶中,添加 0.04 g TWBC700 生物炭到玻璃瓶中,固液比为 4 g·L⁻¹,之后将棕色瓶放置在恒温振荡箱上振荡,环境温度分别控制在 25、35 和 45°C,以 150 r·min⁻¹速度避光振荡 24h 后离心、过膜和测定.

1.4 模型拟合

拟一级动力学方程^[22]和拟二级动力学方程^[23]见方程(4)和(5)所示.

$$q_{\nu} = q_{\rm e}(1 - {\rm e}^{-k_{\rm l}t})$$
 (4)

$$q_t = \frac{k_2 q_e^2 t}{1 + k_2 q_e t} \tag{5}$$

式中, q_t 和 q_e 分别为 t 时刻和吸附平衡时 TC 的吸附量($\operatorname{mg} \cdot \operatorname{g}^{-1}$); t 为吸附时间(min); k_1 和 k_2 分别为 拟 一 级 (min^{-1}) 和 拟 二 级 速 率 常 数 [$\operatorname{g} \cdot (\operatorname{mg} \cdot \operatorname{min})^{-1}$].

朗格缪尔[Langmuir,方程(6)]^[24]和弗里德里 希[Freundlich,方程(7)]^[25]吸附等温方程如下:

$$q_{\rm e} = \frac{q_{\rm max}bc_{\rm e}}{1 + bc_{\rm e}} \tag{6}$$

$$q_e = K_{\rm F} c_e^{1/n} \tag{7}$$

式中, c_e 为溶液平衡浓度($\operatorname{mg} \cdot \operatorname{L}^{-1}$); q_e 为平衡吸附量($\operatorname{mg} \cdot \operatorname{g}^{-1}$); b 为 Langmuir 常数($\operatorname{L} \cdot \operatorname{mg}^{-1}$); q_{\max} 为最大吸附量($\operatorname{mg} \cdot \operatorname{g}^{-1}$); K_F 为 Freundlich 常数; 1/n是反映吸附亲和力的常数.

通过 Langmuir 吸附等温线方程无量纲的分离因子 $R_L^{[26]}$,判断吸附反应是否为有利过程,方程式如下所示:

$$R_{\rm L} = \frac{1}{1 + bc_0} \tag{8}$$

式中, c_0 为溶液的初始浓度($mg \cdot L^{-1}$). 当 $0 < R_L < 1$,吸附为有利的; $R_L > 1$,吸附为不利的; $R_L = 1$,反应为线性吸附; $R_L = 0$,吸附为不可逆.

1.5 生物炭表征

茶渣生物炭的 pH 测定:将生物炭和纯水按比例1:20 混合之后振荡 24 h,离心过膜用 pH 计(PHS-3C, Shanghai Leici Instrument Company, Ltd., China)测定上清液的 pH 值.元素分析:用元素分析仪(Elementar Vario EL cube, Germany)测定茶渣生物炭中 C、H 和 N 的比例.生物炭灰分测定:将一定量的生物炭置于马弗炉中燃烧 2 h,冷却至室温后称量,根据质量差计算灰分含量.茶渣生物炭的官能团类型用傅里叶变换红外光谱(FTIR, Nicolette is50, Thermo Fourier, USA)分析表征;茶渣生物炭的表面元素及化学形态用 X 光电子能谱分析表征(XPS, Thermo-VGScientific, ESCALAB250, USA).采用比表面积分析仪测定茶渣生物炭的比表面积(Tristar II 3020, Micromeritics Instrument, USA).

为探究吸附机制,对吸附四环素之后的生物炭进行 FTIR 和 XPS 分析.

2 结果与讨论

2.1 生物炭表征

2.1.1 生物炭的理化性质

表 1 显示的是茶渣生物炭的理化性质. 随着热解温度增加, C 和灰分含量增加, 而 N、H 和 O 含量降低. 因为热解温度升高会导致茶渣中糖类、脂类、蛋白质类物质、纤维素、木质素和半纤维素等有机物分解或部分分解, 分解成 CH₄、CO、NH₃和小分子有机物等^[27, 28]. 热解温度从 300℃增加到 700℃导致茶渣生物炭得率从 54. 48%降低到 28. 63%. 茶渣生物炭得率的降低会导致 C 和灰分含量相对增加.

生物炭的原子比 H/C、O/C 和(N+O)/C 可分别表征芳香性、亲水性和极性指数的大小. H/C 比越小则芳香性越高,O/C 比越小则亲水性越差,(N+O)/C 比越大则极性越大^[29~31]. 随着热解温度增加,茶渣生物炭的 H/C、O/C 和(N+O)/C 均减小,说明生物炭的亲水性和极性变差,而芳香性却逐渐增强. 生物炭极性降低而芳香性增高,说明其从"软碳质"过渡到了"硬碳质"^[32].

TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 的 pH 值分别 为 8. 08、10. 09 和 10. 29. 生物炭中矿物质组分决定了 其 pH 大小. 高温生物炭中含有更多的矿物质组分或碱性物质,因此,高温生物炭的 pH 值越高^[33].

TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 的比表面积分别为 1.991、4.135 和 27.51 $\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{g}^{-1}$.随着热解温度增加,茶渣生物炭的比表面积越大,高温有利于生物炭孔隙结构的形成.

表 1 茶渣生物炭的理化性质

Table 1	Properties	of tea	waste	biochars
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项目	TWBC300	TWBC500	TWBC700
C/%	67. 41	73. 83	77. 89
N/%	6. 03	5. 66	4. 05
H/%	5. 22	2. 85	1. 76
灰分/%	5. 60	8. 80	9. 80
0/%1)	15. 74	8. 86	6. 50
H/C	0.0774	0. 038 6	0. 022 6
O/C	0. 233 5	0. 120 0	0. 083 5
(N + O)/C	0. 322 9	0. 196 7	0. 135 4
pН	8. 08	10.09	10. 29
生物炭得率2)/%	54. 48	33. 05	28. 63
比表面积/m²·g-1	1. 991	4. 135	27. 51

1)0(%) = 100% - C(%) - N(%) - H(%) - 灰分(%); 2) 得率 是热解后茶渣生物炭与热解前茶渣的质量比×100%

2.1.2 FTIR

TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 的 FTIR 图 谱见图 1,具体官能团类型见表 2. 由图 1 可知, TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 之间存在着明显差异,低温生物炭(TWBC300)官能团类型丰富, 而高温生物炭(TWBC700)官能团类型较少、由表 2 可知,TWBC300 中含有的官能团包括: -OH、 $-CH_3$ 、C = C/C = O、芳香骨架振动、C-H 变形、C-O、-CO 伸缩和芳香 C-H. TWBC300 中官能团类型多的原因是茶渣中有机物类型丰富,且热解温度不高. TWBC500 中含有的官能团包括: -OH、-COOH、 $O-CO = O/CO_3^2$ 、芳香结构/ CO_3^2 和芳香 C-H. TWBC700 中含有的官能团包括: -OH、 $-CH_3$ 、芳香结构、芳香 $C-H/CO_3^2$ 和

芳香 C—H. 随着热解温度增加,生物炭中—CH₃、芳香骨架振动、C—O—C 和—CO 伸缩官能团消失了.可见,热解温度增加会导致含官能团的有机物的被分解. TWBC700 表面的官能团类型明显少于低温 TWBC,特别是含氧官能团. 因此,高温茶渣生物炭中官能团对四环素的去除作用有限.

吸附四环素后 TWBC700 的 FTIR 见图 1, TWBC700 吸附四环素材料中官能团包括 OH、—CH₃、芳香结构、C—O—C、芳香 C—H 等. 由表 2 可见,部分官能团位置发生了偏移,如3 417 cm⁻¹ \rightarrow 3 427 cm⁻¹, 2 924 cm⁻¹ \rightarrow 2 927 cm⁻¹, 1 539 cm⁻¹ \rightarrow 1 541 cm⁻¹, 1 159 cm⁻¹ \rightarrow 11 162 cm⁻¹、812 cm⁻¹ \rightarrow 802 cm⁻¹. 可见,—OH、—CH₃、C—O—C、芳香结构和—CH 能参与到四环素的吸附.

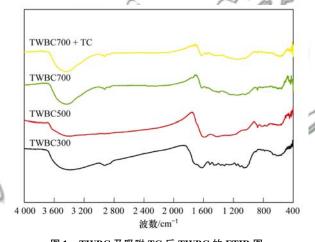


图 1 TWBC 及吸附 TC 后 TWBC 的 FTIR 图

Fig. 1 FTIR spectra of TWBC and TC adsorption onto TWBC

表 2 TWBC 对应官能团^[15, 16, 18, 34, 35]

Table 2 Functional groups of TWBC

TWBC300 波数/cm ⁻¹	官能团	TWBC500 波数/cm ⁻¹	官能团	TWBC700 波数/cm ⁻¹	官能团	TWBC700 + TC 波数/cm ⁻¹	官能团
3 387	—он	3 386	—он	3 417	—он	3 427	—ОН
2 924	—СН ₃	1 590	—соон	2 924	—СН ₃	2 927	—СH ₃
1 624	C =C/C =0	1 413	$O-C=O/CO_3^2$	1 539	芳香结构	1 541	芳香结构
1 513	芳香结构	874	芳香 C—H/CO3 -	1 159	С—О—С	1 162	C—O—C
1 456	C—H 变形	809	芳香 C—H	876	芳香 C—H/CO3-	876	芳香 C—H/CO3 -
1 370	С—Н	750	芳香 C—H	812	芳香 C—H	802	芳香 C—H
1 317	с—о						
1 242	—co						
1 160	—co						
1 108	с—о						
1 057	C—O—C						
900	С—Н						

2.1.3 XPS

XPS 分析可表征样品的表面元素及化学形态.

TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 的 XPS 图谱见图 2,分峰拟合结果见表 3. 由图 2 可知, TWBC300、

TWBC500 和 TWBC700 中均能检测到 C、O 和 N 元素. 通过分峰拟合可知, TWBC300 中 C 可以分解成 3 个峰, 分别是 284. 70、286. 33 和 288. 27 eV, 对应的官能团类型是 C—C/C—H、C—O 和 O = C—O^[36]; O 可以分解为 2 个峰, 分别是 532. 28 eV 和 533. 58 eV^[37], 对应的官能团是 C—O、C = O; N 只含 1 个峰在 400. 35 eV, 对应的是吡咯氮^[38].

随着热解温度增加,茶渣生物炭中 C—C/C—H、C—O 和 O =C—O 的结合能位置和相对比例发生变化,特别是 C =O—OH 变化较为明显. 热解温度增加会改变茶渣生物炭中含氮官能团的类型和相对比例,在 TWBC500 和 TWBC700 中出现了石墨氮,特别是 TWBC700 中石墨氮相对比例占到 80%.显然,热解温度是影响茶渣生物炭含碳、氧和氮官

能团的关键因素.

WBC700 吸附四环素后的 XPS 图谱见图 2. TWBC700 表面官能团类型及分峰拟合结果见表 3. 由图 2 和表 3 可知, TWBC700 吸附四环素前后主要含有 C、N和 O 这 3 种元素, 且含氧、含碳和含氮官能团都发生了变化. TWBC700 吸附四环素后, 官能团中 C—C/C—H、C—O、C=O—OH、C=O、吡咯氮和石墨氮发生变化, 如 285. $41 \text{eV} \rightarrow 285$. $71 \text{eV} \times 287$. $64 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 288$. $15 \text{ eV} \times 531$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $71 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $57 \text{ eV} \times 398$. $53 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 398$. $58 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 400$. $48 \text{eV} \oplus 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 532$. $96 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $97 \text{ eV} \times 531$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $96 \text{ eV} \times 532$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $99 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 531$. $90 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 532$. $90 \text{ eV} \rightarrow 533$. $90 \text{$

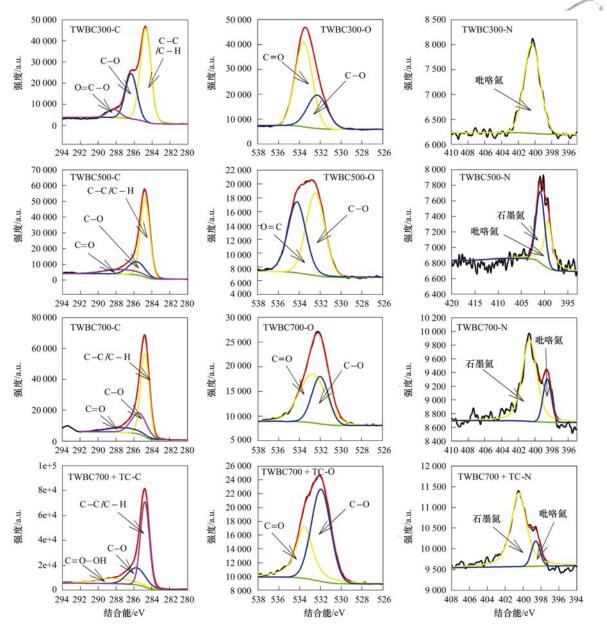


图 2 TWBC300、TWBC500、TWBC700 和 TCBC700 + TC 的 XPS 图谱

Fig. 2 XPS spectra of TWBC300, TWBC500, TWBC700 and TWBC700 + TC

表 3 TWBC 的 XPS 分峰拟合结果

Table 3	Peak	fitting	of	XPS	
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元素	官能团	TWBC300	TWBC500	TWBC700	TWBC700 + TC
-	C—C/C—H	284.7 (62.17)1)	284.76 (65.18)	284.76 (58.40)	284.77 (59.16)
C	С—О	286.33 (31.65)	285.69 (19.52)	285.41(28.42)	285.71(24.12)
	C = O - OH	288.27 (6.18)	287.28 (15.30)	287.13 (13.18)	288.15(16.72)
0	C—O	532.28 (31.29)	532.44 (52.82)	531.99 (36.23)	531.96(59.94)
O	C ==O	533.58(68.71)	534.22(47.18)	532.71(63.77)	533.57(40.06)
N	吡咯氮	400.35(100)	399.23 (46.01)	398.53(19.93)	398.58(12.9)
11	石墨氮		400.91 (53.99)	400.65 (80.07)	400.48(87.1)

1)括号内数据为官能团的相对含量,单位为%

2.2 固液比对四环素去除效果的影响

固液比对茶渣生物炭去除四环素的影响见图 3. 从中可知,当固液比从 $0.5~{\rm g\cdot L^{-1}}$ 增加到 $4.0~{\rm g\cdot L^{-1}}$ 时,TWBC700 和 TWBC500 对 TC 溶液的去除率逐渐升高. 固液比为 $4.0~{\rm g\cdot L^{-1}}$ 时,TWBC700 对 TC 的去除率达到 90.63%,TWBC500 对 TC 溶液的去除率为 77.12%. 当固液比从 $0.5~{\rm g\cdot L^{-1}}$ 增加到 $3.0~{\rm g\cdot L^{-1}}$ 时,TWBC300 对 TC 的去除率逐渐上升. 固液比为 $3~{\rm g\cdot L^{-1}}$ 时,TWBC300 对 TC 的去除率为 11.65%. 相同固液比和同等吸附时间下,茶渣生物炭对 TC 的吸附效果依次:TWBC700 > TWBC500 > TWBC300. 因此,后续实验选择 TWBC700 为研究 对象.

生物炭添加量是影响吸附效果的重要因素. 吸附刚开始发生在生物炭表面,吸附位点快速被四环素分子占据,随后吸附位点逐渐饱和,体系趋于平衡. 生物炭添加量提高可增加生物炭表面的吸附位点,进而提高对四环素的去除率. 当吸附达到饱和之后,再增加生物炭量并不能提升吸附效果. 固液比低意味着生物炭添加量较少,导致对四环素的去除率低; 生物炭添加量过多会造成吸附剂的浪费. 综合去除效果和经济性考虑,选择 4.0 g·L⁻¹作为合适的固液比.

2.3 溶液初始 pH 对生物炭去除 TC 的影响

溶液 pH 对茶渣生物炭去除四环素的影响见图 4. 溶液初始 pH 在 3.0~11.0 范围内, TWBC700 对四环素均能有效去除,且去除率能达到 90%以上,说明在较宽的 pH 范围内, TWBC700 对四环素有良好的吸附效果. 当溶液初始 pH 为 9.0 时, 去除率达到最大为 91.68%. 当 pH 为 11.0 时, TWBC700 对四环素的去除效果略有下降.

溶液 pH 会影响到生物炭的表面电荷及四环素的赋存形态. 四环素具有 3 个 p K_a 值,分别为 3.3、7.7 和 9.7^[39]. 当 pH < 3.3 时,四环素呈现阳离子形态,pH 在 3.3 ~ 7.7 之间呈现两性离子,当 pH > 7.7

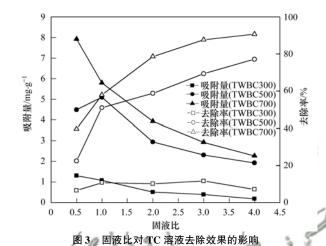


Fig. 3 Effect of solid-to-liquid ratio on TC removal by TWBC

时,呈现阴离子形态. 本研究中,在 pH 为 3.0~11.0 范围内,TWBC700 对四环素均有较好的吸附效果,说明除了静电作用外,还存在其它吸附机制影响着生物炭对四环素的去除.

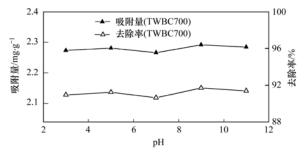


图 4 溶液初始 pH 对 TWBC700 吸附 TC 溶液的影响 Fig. 4 Effect of pH on TC removal by TWBC700

2.4 离子类型、氨氮和铜离子对生物炭去除 TC 的影响

离子类型和强度对生物炭去除四环素的影响见图 5. 本研究选择 Na^+ 、 K^+ 、 Mg^{2+} 、 Ca^{2+} Q NH_4^+ 为离子类型,探究其对 TWBC700 去除四环素的影响.从中可见,随着溶液中 Na^+ 、 K^+ 、 Mg^{2+} 和 Ca^{2+} 离子浓度的增加,TWBC700 对四环素的去除存在抑制作用,其中抑制作用依次是 $Mg^{2+} > Ca^{2+} > K^+ > Na^+$.相对于一价金属阳离子,二价金属阳离子对溶液中

四环素的抑制作用更明显. 当溶液中 Na^+ 、 K^+ 、 Mg^{2+} 和 Ca^{2+} 的浓度从 0 $mol \cdot L^{-1}$ 增加到 1.0 $mol \cdot L^{-1}$, TWBC700 对四环素的去除率从 90. 63% 依次下降到 86. 43%、84. 77%、30. 12% 及 82. 52%,分别降低了 4. 2%、5. 82%、60. 51% 及 8. 11%. 当溶液中 NH_4^+ 溶液的浓度增加到 3 $mol \cdot L^{-1}$ 时,对四环素的去除略微增加到 97. 23%, NH_4^+ 对 TWBC700 吸附四环素的影响可能与生物炭表面的电荷变化有关.

随着金属阳离子浓度的增加,更多的离子占据了生物炭表面的吸附位点.离子浓度增加会降低TWBC700对TC的去除率.高价态阳离子带有正电荷数量多,其占据生物炭的吸附位点多,因而抑制作用更明显.此外,Ca²⁺和Mg²⁺可能会与四环素形成络合物^[40],从而影响四环素在TWBC700上的吸附.

铜离子对生物炭去除四环素的影响见图 5. 当铜离子浓度从 0 mg·L⁻¹增加到 50 mg·L⁻¹时, TWBC700 对四环素的去除率从 90.63% 下降到 66.31%,可见溶液中铜离子的存在会抑制生物炭对四环素的去除效果. 当铜离子浓度超过 30 mg·L⁻¹时,抑制效果趋于稳定. 铜离子会与四环素竞争生物炭表面有限的结合位点. 此外,四环素分子结构中的羟基、羧基和氨基会与重金属离子形成络合物^[10],从而降低生物炭吸附剂对四环素的去除效果.

2.5 吸附动力学

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茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附动力学见图 6. 在吸附过程的前 30 min, TWBC300、TWBC500 及TWBC700对四环素的吸附量急剧上升,因为四环素分子迅速占据生物炭表面丰富的结合位点. 随后生物炭表面活性吸附位点逐渐减少,对四环素的吸附速率减缓,吸附量随时间增加而降低. 后续吸附过程达到平衡,吸附量不再随着时间而上升,趋于平稳. 本研究中,吸附达到平衡后,生物炭对四环素的吸附量次序是: TWBC700 > TWBC300 > TWBC300. 因此,TWBC700 的吸附效果优于 TWBC500 和 TWBC300.

TWBC300、TWBC500 及 TWBC700 对四环素吸附动力学的拟合参数见表 4. 相比于拟一级动力学,拟二级动力学方程能够更好地拟合茶渣生物炭对四环素的去除过程(R^2 更优).同时,拟二级动力学方程得到生物炭对四环素吸附量与实际的吸附量更为接近.拟二级动力学包括了液膜扩撒、颗粒内扩散和表面吸附等所有步骤,整个吸附过程以化学吸附占主导[41].

2.6 吸附等温线

茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附等温线见图 7. 随着平衡浓度增加,茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附量先增加后趋于稳定. 茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附等温

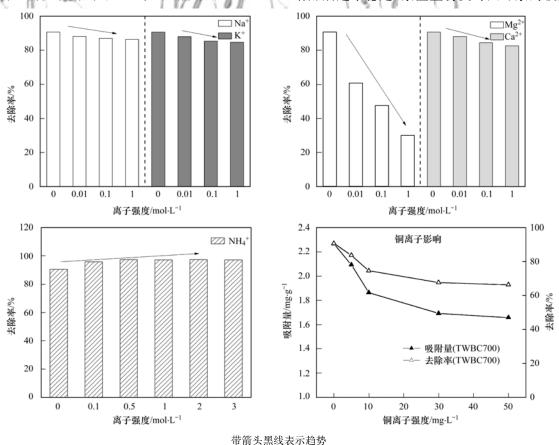


图 5 离子类型、氨氮和铜离子对 TWBC700 去除 TC 的影响

Fig. 5 Effect of ionic types, NH₄⁺, and Cu²⁺ on TC removal by TWBC700

表 4 茶渣生物炭对 TC 吸附动力学的拟合参数

Table 4 Fitting parameters of adsorption
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吸附剂		拟一级动力学方程		拟	二级动力学方程	
·汉 [1] [1]	k_1/\min^{-1}	$q_{ m e}/{ m mg}\cdot{ m g}^{-1}$	R^2	$k_2/g \cdot (\text{mg} \cdot \text{min})^{-1}$	$q_{\rm e}/{ m mg}\cdot{ m g}^{-1}$	R^2
TWBC300	0. 116 2	0. 214 6	0. 769 8	0. 811 9	0. 229 4	0. 873 3
TWBC500	0. 459 3	1.732	0. 978 9	0. 683 8	1. 774	0. 990 8
TWBC700	0. 388 1	2. 191 7	0. 975 9	0.4100	2. 254	0. 991 0

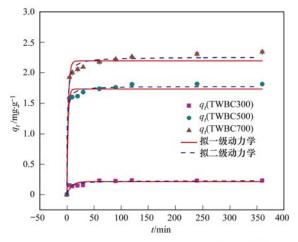


图 6 生物炭对 TC 的吸附动力学

Fig. 6 Adsorption kinetics of TC on TWBC

线拟合结果见表 5. 对比可见, Langmuir 等温方程式 所得 R^2 均优于 Freundlich 方程式 所得 R^2 , 故 Langmuir 模型更适合于描述生物炭对四环素的吸附 过程. Langmuir 等温方程式是单分子吸附方程式,其

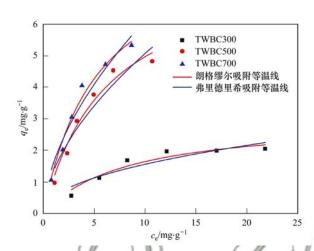


图 7 生物炭对 TC 的吸附等温线

Fig. 7 Adsorption isotherms of TC on TWBC

假定吸附质分子吸附于吸附剂表面具有固定数量的位点上,形成均匀的单分子层^[42].因此,生物炭对四环素的吸附过程中主要发生表面单分子层吸附.

表 5 生物炭对 TC 吸附等温线的拟合参数

Table 5 Fitting parameters of adsorption isotherms

nZ W4≥nl		Langmuir 模型			Freundlich 模型	
吸附剂	$q_{\rm max}/{\rm mg}\cdot{\rm g}^{-1}$	<i>b</i> /L•mg ⁻¹	R^2	$K_{ m F}$	1/n	R^2
TWBC300	3. 006	0. 121 3	0. 912 9	0. 530 0	0. 469 8	0. 818 3
TWBC500	8. 081	0. 159 9	0. 959 6	1. 356	0. 573 2	0. 901 3
TWBC700	8. 794	0. 188 9	0. 975 5	1.608	0. 580 7	0. 939 1

不同初始浓度四环素在生物炭上的 Langmuir 分离因子常数(R_L)见图 8. 从中可知,不同初始浓度 四环素在 TWBC300、TWBC500 及 TWBC700 上的 R_L 均小于 1. 相同的浓度下, R_L 的大小次序为 TWBC300 > TWBC500 > TWBC700,表明高温生物炭 对四环素的吸附过程更为有利.

Freundlich 模型中 1/n 可反映吸附剂对污染物 去除的亲和力^[43]. 本研究中, 1/n 均小于 1,说明茶 渣生物炭吸附四环素的过程是容易进行的.

2.7 环境温度对吸附四环素的影响

环境温度对 TWBC700 吸附四环素的影响见图 9. 从中可见,随着环境温度的增加,生物炭对四环素的去除率逐渐上升,因为环境温度增加有利于四环素分子在生物炭上的扩散、迁移和吸附.

不同温度下 TWBC700 对四环素吸附等温线的

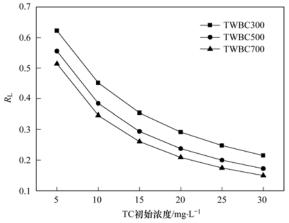


图 8 不同初始浓度四环素在生物炭上的 Langmuir 分离因子常数

Fig. 8 The $R_{\rm L}$ values of TWBC under different TC initial concentration

拟合参数见表 6. 随着温度增加,理论最大吸附量 (q_{max}) 逐渐增加. 环境温度的提升有利于 TWBC700 对四环素的吸附.

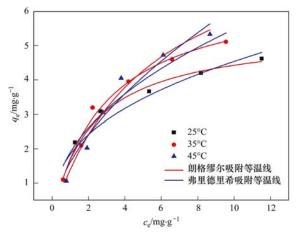


图 9 环境温度对 TWBC700 吸附 TC 的影响

Fig. 9 Influence of temperature on TC removal by TWBC700

2.8 机制探究

生物炭吸附四环素的机制包括孔隙扩散、路易斯酸碱作用、静电作用、离子交换、表面络合、阳离子-π机制、氢键作用和 π-π 堆积作用^[44],具体主导机制取决于生物炭的物化性质及溶液的性质.

生物炭发达的孔隙结构和较大的比表面积有利于四环素分子的物理扩散作用^[8],这也是高温生物炭去除四环素效果好的重要因素.静电作用会影响生物炭对四环素的去除,但是在强酸或强碱环境下静电作用更为明显.生物炭表面丰富的羧基、羟基官能团可与四环素中的羧基、羟基和氨基等官能团形成氢键作用.四环素的质子化氨基也可与生物炭的芳香结构形成阳离子-π机制^[45].含矿物质离子丰富的生物炭可通过离子交换机制结合四环素.此外,高温生物炭完备的芳香结构可与四环素的苯环

表 6 不同温度下 TWBC700 对 TC 吸附等温线的拟合参数

Table 6 Fitting parameters of adsorption isotherms under different temperatures

环境温度/℃	20-8	Langmuir 模型	Freundlich 模型	13/1
小児血)及/ し	$q_{\mathrm{max}}/\mathrm{mg} \cdot \mathrm{g}^{-1}$	<i>b</i> /L⋅mg ⁻¹ <i>R</i> ²	K _F 1/n	R^2
25	5. 411	0. 450 9 0. 972 7	1. 842 0. 391 9	0. 921 0
35	6. 709	0. 339 8 0. 982 4	1. 897 0. 461 2	0. 938 0
45	8. 794	0. 188 9 0. 975 5	1. 608 0. 580 7	0. 939 1

结构形成 π-π 堆积作用.

本研究中茶渣生物炭的比表面积依次是TWBC700 > TWBC500 > TWBC300. 茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附量依次也是TWBC70 > TWBC500 > TWBC300. 可见, 孔隙扩散作用是高温生物炭(TWBC700)去除四环素的重要机制.

溶液 pH 对生物炭吸附四环素的影响则说明静电作用的效果有限,因为 pH 会改变生物炭的表面电荷及四环素的存在形态,进而影响生物炭和四环素之间的相互作用.

为探究茶渣生物炭对四环素的吸附机制,对吸附 TC 之后的生物炭进行 FTIR 和 XPS 的表征. FTIR 分析表明:—OH、—CH₃、C—O—C、芳香结构、—CH能参与到四环素的吸附,涉及机制包括氢键和π-π 堆积作用. 可根据 XPS 结合能和官能团相对含量变化推测反应机制^[46~48]. 本研究中对比去除效果可知(见表 5),TWBC700 对四环素的吸附量最大,XPS 分析显示 TWBC700 的含氧和含氮官能团与TWBC300、TWBC500 存在明显差异(见表 3). XPS 分析表明吸附四环素后茶渣生物炭中含氧官能团的变化与π-π 堆积作用、氢键作用有关,而含氮官能团的变化主要是由氢键作用引起的. FTIR 分析和

XPS 显示生物炭的芳香结构及含氧、氮官能团能在吸附四环素中发挥重要作用.

综上, 茶渣生物炭吸附四环素的主要机制涉及 孔隙扩散、氢键作用和 π-π 作用, 见图 10.

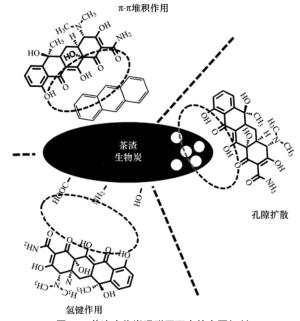


图 10 茶渣生物炭吸附四环素的主要机制

Fig. 10 Main mechanism of tetracycline adsorption on tea waste biochar

3 结论

- (1)随着热解温度增加,茶渣生物炭的亲水性和极性变差,芳香性增强,比表面积增加,官能团类型降低.
- (2)TWB700 可以在较宽的 pH 范围内实现对四环素的良好吸附效果. 阳离子对生物炭吸附四环素的抑制依次是: $Mg^{2+} > Ca^{2+} > K^+ > Na^+$. NH_4^+ 能略微促进生物炭吸附四环素, 而铜离子能显著抑制对四环素的去除.
- (3) 拟二级动力学和 Langmuir 方程能够更好地描述 TWBC300、TWBC500 和 TWBC700 对四环素的去除过程. 茶渣生物炭的吸附效果依次为: TWBC700 > TWBC500 > TWBC300.
- (4)茶渣生物炭去除四环素的机制涉及孔隙扩散、氢键和 π—π 作用.

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