



ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

ISSN 0250-3301 CODEN HCKHDV HUANJING KEXUE

基于碳减排目标与排放标准约束情景的火电大气污染物减排潜力 李辉,孙雪丽,庞博,朱法华,王圣,晏培



- 主办 中国科学院生态环境研究中心
- ■出版科学出版社





2021年12月

第42卷 第 12 期 Vol.42 No.12

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

第42卷 第12期 2021年12月15日

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《环境科学》第42卷(2021年)总目录
《环境科学》征订启事(5593) 《环境科学》征稿简则(5623) 信息(5643, 5835, 5883)
《このは1.1 // 正17 日 中 (2020)



尾水排放对受纳水体底栖生物膜细菌群落和水溶性有机质的影响机制

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摘要:底栖生物膜是河流生态系统重要的初级生产者,能够对外界环境变化做出迅速响应,在河流碳循环过程中扮演重要角色.然而,人们对于污水处理厂尾水受纳河流底栖生物膜细菌群落与水溶性有机质(water-soluble organic matter, WSOM)的特征及内在联系的认识还十分有限.本研究使用 16S rRNA 高通量测序、紫外可见光谱和三维荧光-平行因子分析解析代表性污水处理厂尾水受纳区底栖生物膜细菌群落和 WSOM 的特征.结果表明,底栖生物膜 WSOM 中识别出两种类腐殖质组分和一种色氨酸类蛋白组分,其中大分子类腐殖质在底栖生物膜 WSOM 中占据优势地位.尾水区底栖生物膜细菌群落的均匀度及多样性沿程提高,相较于未受污染的上游区,污染源头区和污染下游区生物膜细菌群落结构更加稳定.发色水溶性有机质(colored water-soluble organic matter, CWSOM)、有机质芳香性和分子量是影响尾水区底栖生物膜细菌群落变化的主要因素,其中芳香性色氨酸类蛋白对生物膜细菌群落变化的解释度最高(34%).共现网络揭示了细菌群落与 WSOM 组分之间复杂的相互关系,Proteobacteria 和 Halobacterota 通过碳循环过程参与生物膜 WSOM 的新陈代谢,生物膜细菌群落与 WSOM 的组成将以一种动态变化的模式对尾水排放做出响应.本研究为探寻尾水受纳区水生态变化的指示标志提供了新的思路.

关键词:尾水排放;底栖生物膜;细菌群落;水溶性有机质;共现网络

中图分类号: X172 文献标识码: A 文章编号: 0250-3301(2021)12-5826-10 DOI: 10.13227/j. hjkx. 202104078

Impacts of Wastewater Effluent Discharge on Bacteria Community and Watersoluble Organic Matter in Benthic Biofilm in Receiving River

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Abstract: Benthic biofilms, which respond rapidly to environmental alterations, are important primary producers and play an important role in the carbon cycle in riverine ecosystems. However, there is limited knowledge on the characteristics and linkages between water-soluble organic matter (WSOM) and bacterial communities in the benthic biofilm along the effluent-receiving river. In this study, an integrated use of 16S rRNA high-throughput sequencing, UV-vis spectroscopy, and EEM-PARAFAC analysis were employed to characterize WSOM and bacterial communities in benthic biofilm, and their relationships were investigated through a co-occurrence network. Two humic-like fractions and one tryptophan-like protein fraction were identified, with macromolecular humic fractions dominating the benthic WSOM. The uniformity and diversity of the benthic biofilm bacterial community increased along the effluent-receiving river, and the biofilm bacterial community structure in the downstream area of WWTP was more stable compared to that in the upstream area. Colored water-soluble organic matter, aromaticity, and molecular weight of organic matter were proven predominant factors influencing the benthic biofilm bacterial community, with aromatic tryptophan-like proteins explaining the highest change (34%) in the biofilm bacterial community. The co-occurrence network shows the complex relationships in the bacterial communities. The phylum of Proteobacteria and Halobacterota participate in the metabolism of biofilm WSOM through carbon cycling. The composition of the biofilm bacterial community and WSOM respond to effluent discharge in a dynamically changing pattern. This study provides a new insight for exploring ecological indicators responding to effluent discharge.

Key words: effluent discharge; benthic biofilms; bacterial communities; water-soluble organic matter; co-occurrence network

随着城市化进程的不断加快,河道、内湖的生态健康受到外源输入的影响日益严重,污水处理厂是重要的外源输入之一^[1].污水厂的处理工艺无法完全去除的营养盐和有害物质,随尾水排放进入自然水体^[2,3],可能导致受纳水体营养物质富集而产生富营养化^[4],改变河流生态系统水生生物群落的结构及功能^[5,6].底栖生物膜是周丛生物和有机碎屑的集合,构成了河流食物网的基础部分,是河流生态系统生物地球化学循环中至关重要的调控单元^[7].底栖生物膜是河流中最先对尾水排放做出响应的生物集合,能够捕捉河湖历史污染信息,吸收存储河流

中历史排放事件释放的污染物^[8,9],是重要的污染物指示标志和河湖水质变化的"吹哨者",常被用作评估水生环境生态变化的指示标志.

生物膜的结构和功能很大程度上取决于周丛生物群落及有机质的组成.水溶性有机质(watersoluble organic matter, WSOM)是生物膜有机质中最活跃的成分,也是异养菌和藻类等微生物代谢过程

收稿日期: 2021-04-08; 修订日期: 2021-05-15

基金项目:河海大学中央高校基本科研业务费项目(B210202054) 作者简介:王钰涛(1998~),男,硕士研究生,主要研究方向为溶解 性有机质-微生物环境相互作用,E-mail;yubaol5@163.com

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中可利用有机物的重要来源[10,11],在塑造生物膜微 生物群落方面发挥重要作用[12,13]. 尾水排放可提高 底栖生物膜的胞外酶活性,进而将复杂有机物转化 为简单有机质,促进微生物的吸收利用过程[14].了 解细菌群落组成与 DOM 组成之间的关系对阐明河 流生态系统中的碳循环过程至关重要,目前已有较 多学者关注河流[15,16] 和湖泊[17,18] 中溶解性有机质 (DOM)与细菌群落的特征及其内在联系. 然而对于 河流底栖生物膜细菌群落与 WSOM 特征的关注仍 然较少. 解析尾水受纳区底栖生物膜细菌群落与 WSOM 的特征及相互作用机制,对明晰尾水区底栖 生物膜在河流碳循环中发挥的作用和揭示尾水区生 态环境演替过程具有重要的科学意义. 本研究通过 探究尾水受纳区底栖生物膜细菌群落与 WSOM 特 征及其内在联系,以期为探索尾水受纳区生态系统 的污染指示标志提供新的思路.

1 材料与方法

1.1 采样区域与样品采集

选择南京市江宁区城北污水处理厂尾水受纳河段作为研究区域(31.96°N,118.84°E). 城北污水处理厂位于江宁区东山街道土山路西侧,主要收集东山老城区、岔路地区、上坊地区的居民生活污水,主体污水处理工艺采用鼓风曝气氧化沟形式的 A²/O,污水处理量4万m³·d⁻¹,出水水质达到《城镇污水处理厂污染物排放标准(GB 18918-2002)》一级 A 标准.

于2019年12月对研究区域底栖生物膜进行采样.采样区域以污水厂排污口为分界线,将排污口上游1km河段定义为上游区(在排污口上游0.5km和1km处设置采样点B2和B1),反映未受污水厂尾水排放影响的河流状况;将排污口下游0.5km河段定义为受尾水排放严重影响的污染源头区(排污口处为采样点A0,排污口下游0.2km和0.5km设置采样点A1和A2);污染源头区下游2.5km河段定义为受尾水排放影响较小的污染下游区(排污口下游1、1.5、2和3km设置采样点A3、A4、A5和A6).采样点位如图1所示.

底栖生物膜采集的具体方法如下^[19]:捞取采样点附近大小相似且附着生物膜的石块,使用无菌刮刀将石头上附着生物膜刮下,收集至无菌不锈钢容器中.每个采样点采集约50g湿重底栖生物膜样品.所有样品放入含有冰袋的样品储存箱中保存,尽快运回实验室处理分析.

1.2 实验方法

1.2.1 样品预处理

每个采样点采集2g湿重的生物膜样品分别装

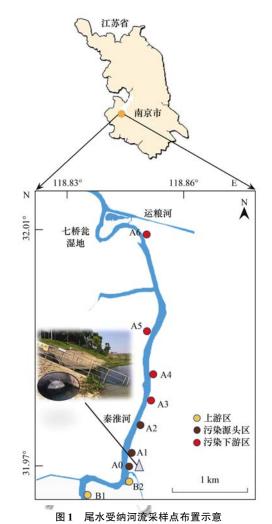


Fig. 1 Sampling sites in the representative effluent water-receiving river

人2 mL聚丙烯离心管中,转移到-80℃冰箱内进行暂时保存,用于 DNA 提取及 PCR 扩增. 将每个采样点采集的约 40 g 湿生物膜进行冷冻干燥处理(Christ ALPHA 1-2 LD plus,德国 Marin Christ 公司). 对冷冻干燥后的生物膜样品进行研磨,过 100目筛去除杂质后密封保存备用.

1.2.2 生物膜 WSOM 提取及有机碳含量测定

采用浸提-离心法提取生物膜 WSOM. 将经过预处理的生物膜样品按照物料: 水(g: g) = 1: 2的比例装入灭菌后的锥形瓶中,在 20°C 下恒温振荡 16 h. 将浸出液转移至 50 mL 灭菌离心管中,在 4000 r·min $^{-1}$ 下离心 30 min,取上清液并用 0.45 μ m 无菌醋酸纤维滤膜过滤,滤液即为生物膜样品的 WSOM,置于 -4°C 保存待测 $^{[11,20]}$.使用总有机碳分析仪(Multi N/C2100,德国耶拿分析仪器股份公司)对WSOM中的 DOC 含量进行检测.每个样品平行检测3次,数据以平均值 ±标准差形式记录.

1.2.3 光谱检测

用荧光分光光度计(F7000,日立,日本)测量

WSOM 三维荧光光谱(EEMs),光电倍增管电压为 700 V, 信噪比为 110. 设置的激发波长(E_{x}) 和发射波 长(E_{∞})的扫描范围在 200~600 nm,中间间隔为 5 nm,积分时间为0.1 s.采用 Milli-Q 水作空白对照,对 数据进行去除内滤效应以及一阶/二阶瑞利、拉曼散 射等校正操作. 使用 MATLAB (R2016a) 软件调用 DOM Fluor 工具箱进行平行因子(PARAFAC)分析.

将荧光强度进行拉曼归一化,所得的相对荧光强度以 拉曼单位表示(R.U.). UV-vis 光谱采用紫外-可见 分光光度计(UV6000,上海元析仪器有限公司)测量. 在 200~700 nm 范围内测定样品的吸光度,扫描间隔 为 1 nm,原始光谱扣除 Milli-Q 水光谱值进行校正,每 个样品平行检测 3 次. 根据原始光谱计算相关特征参 数,如表1所示.结果以平均值±标准差形式表示.

紫外-可见吸收光谱特征参数及环境意义

TP 1 1 1	IIV-vis derived	1		. 1		
Table I	LIV-vis derived	absorption	spectra	narameters and	environmental	meanings

		1 1 1	e
参数	计算公式	公式参数	环境意义
$a_{(355)}$	$a_{(\lambda)} = 2.303 \cdot A_{(\lambda)}/l$	$A_{(\lambda)}$ 为波长 λ 处吸光度 $,l$ 为光程路径(m)	发色基团(colored water-soluble organic matter, CWSOM)的相对浓度 ^[21]
SUVA ₂₈₀	$\mathrm{SUVA}_{280} = a_{(280)}/\mathrm{DOC}$	$a_{(280)}$ 为波长 280 nm 吸收系数, DOC 为溶解性有机碳 $(ng \cdot g^{-1})$	表征 DOM 芳香性,值越大,芳香性越高 ^[21]
E_{254}/E_{204}	$E_{254}/E_{204} = a_{(254)}/a_{(204)}$	$a_{(254)}$ 为波长 254 nm 吸收系数 $,a_{(204)}$ 为波长 204 nm 吸收系数 $,a_{(204)}$ 为参照波长 $,a_{(204)}$ 为	表征 DOM 疏水性,值越大,疏水性越高 ^[22]
$S_{ m R}$	$a_{(\lambda)} = A_{(\lambda_0)} \exp[S_{(\lambda_0 - \lambda)}]$ $S_{\rm R} = S_{(275 \sim 295)} / S_{(350 \sim 400)}$	S ₍₂₇₅₋₂₉₅₎ 和 S ₍₃₅₀₋₄₀₀₎ 分别为 275~295 nm 和 350~400 nm 波段的光谱斜率	表征 DOM 分子量, 值越大, 表明分子量越小 ^[21]

1.2.4 生物膜 DNA 提取及 PCR 扩增

使用 FastDNA Spin Kit 试剂盒(Q-BIOgene, Carlsbad, CA) 对样品 DNA 进行提取,并对 DNA 进 行琼脂糖凝胶电泳检测. 初测合格的 DNA 送至上海 凌恩生物科技有限公司进行高通量测序. 测序引物 为 341F (5'-CCT AYG GGR BGC ASC AG-3') 及 806R(5'-GGA CTA CNN GGG TAT CTA AT-3'),对 目标样品 16S rRNA 的 V3~V4 区域进行扩增. 扩增 结束后,用1%琼脂糖凝胶电泳对PCR 扩增产物进 行检测. 在 Illumina MiSeq 上以扩增产物为模板制备 测序文库. 对测序结果开展质量检测,将超过 75% 扩增子长度的 Illumina 双端引物的条形码和引物进 行裁剪,并使用 Flash v1.2.7 进行合并后获得最终 的微生物基因序列信息.

1.2.5 测序分析

使用 QIIME2 (v2018.6; Quantitative Insights Into Microbial Ecology)对微生物基因序列信息进行 分析. 在切除序列的引物片段后, 调用 DADA2 算法 进行质量过滤、去噪、拼接和去嵌合体,得到具有 99%相似度的扩增子序列变异(Amplicon Sequence Variants, ASVs). 调用 classify-sklearn 算法,参照 Silva 数据库(Release132, http://www. arb-silva. de/)对每个 ASVs 的特征序列进行物种注释.

1.3 数据分析

采用 R Studio(v. 3. 4. 2; http://www.r-project. org/)进行细菌群落的 α 多样性分析、冗余分析 (RDA)和方差分解分析(VPA). 基于 Bray-Curtis 距 离绘制非度量多维尺度(NMDS)排序图,使用相似 性分析(ANOSIM)进行群落差异检验. 以细菌门水 平相对丰度绘制柱状堆积图. 基于斯皮尔曼相关系 数对生物膜 WSOM 紫外可见特征参数及荧光组分 进行相关性分析. 使用 Origin 9.1 软件绘制生物膜 WSOM 光谱参数变化图. 使用 Gephi 软件(http:// gephi. github. io/)绘制网络分析图.

2 结果与讨论

2.1 尾水受纳区底栖生物膜 WSOM 性质

2.1.1 生物膜 WSOM、CWSOM 浓度与相关性分析 DOC 和 a(355) 分别代表底栖生物膜 WSOM 浓度 和 CWSOM 相对浓度. ω(WSOM)的平均值(以 C 计,下同)为 152.4 mg·g⁻¹[图 2(a)],与 Schmidt 等^[23]报道的土壤 ω(WSOM) 水平类似, 表明底栖生 物膜是河流生态系统中重要的碳库. 排污口处 $\omega(WSOM)$ 和 $\omega(CWSOM)$ 增加,在污染源头区逐渐 下降,污染下游区的 $\omega(WSOM)$ 和 $\omega(CWSOM)$ 与污 染源头区和上游区存在显著差异(ANOVA, P < 0.05). 生物膜具有存储河流历史排放物质的功 能[8,9],外源输入的有机质会被生物膜存储在 WSOM 中且不断累积,可能会部分记录和反映历史 污染情况. CDOM 是 DOM 的重要组成部分,在水体 有机质相关研究中, Brezonik 等[24]和 Spencer 等[25] 的研究分别发现,在湖泊和以针叶林为主的河流中 DOM 浓度与发色溶解性有机质浓度(CDOM)呈现 显著正相关, DOM 和 CDOM 之间的交融混合使它 们的变化趋势相同,从而呈现显著的正相关关系,因 此可将 CDOM 作为表征 DOM 的有效指标[26]. 本研 究中, 尾水区底栖生物膜中 $\omega(WSOM)$ 与 ω (CWSOM)也呈现显著正相关($R^2 = 0.93, P <$

0.01),表明 CWSOM 可以作为表征生物膜 WSOM 的有效指标,开展进一步地光谱研究.

2.1.2 紫外可见光谱特征参数沿程变化

底栖生物膜 WSOM 紫外可见光谱特征参数变 化如图 2(b) 所示, 相关光谱特征参数在尾水受纳河 流不同区域不存在显著差异(ANOVA,P > 0.05). E_{254}/E_{204} 和 S_R 与 WSOM 和 CWSOM 浓度的变化趋 势相似. 在 A²/O 处理过程中, 反硝化作用受到抑 制,使污水中高疏水性蛋白含量增加[27],但由于其 已被生物降解的特点,导致了污染源头区生物膜 WSOM 疏水性沿程下降. Park 等[28]的研究报道在 污水处理过程中,低分子量组分容易被生物降解 有效去除,而高分子量组分被稳定储存,随尾水排 放进入自然水体. 尾水区底栖生物膜 WSOM 的 $S_{\rm B}$ 值处于 0.30~0.75 的较低水平, 与 Yu 等[15]的研 究结论类似,说明大分子有机质在尾水受纳区底 栖生物膜中占据优势地位. 除上游区 B2 点位外, 生物膜 WSOM 的芳香性整体水平较为稳定,这是 由于在 A2/0 的废水处理过程中,非芳香族组分被 选择性去除,而芳香族组分被保存在尾水中,携带 芳香组分的尾水为河流带来了丰富的芳香碳、酚类和含共轭双键的物质^[15],影响底栖生物膜WSOM的组成.且芳香性物质相对稳定性更高,不易被微生物降解^[15,29],在底栖生物膜中可稳定储存.

2.1.3 荧光组分的组成及分布

使用 PARAFAC 解析生物膜 WSOM 的荧光组分,经残差分析和对半分析验证,确定 3 组分模型为最适模型(图 3),该模型可解释 EEM 光谱中大于96%的变异度. 将平行因子分析识别出的模型与Openfluor 数据库中的其他模型接 94%的相似度进行匹配识别,结果如表 2 所示. C1 组分是陆源类腐殖质,易光解,且生物可利用性较差,其中 2 个激发波长分别指示紫外光区类富里酸和可见光区类富里酸,与 DOM 中的羰基和羧基相关,一般指示外源输入^[30,31]. C2 组分为陆源或海洋类腐殖质,该组分与土著微生物的活动密切相关,易被微生物循环利用^[32,33]. C3 组分为色氨酸类蛋白,通常以游离分子的形式结合在肽或腐殖质结构中,与微生物降解及人为活动排放有关^[34~36].

表 2 PARAFAC 识别出的 3 种荧光组分在 Openfluor 数据库中的匹配信息

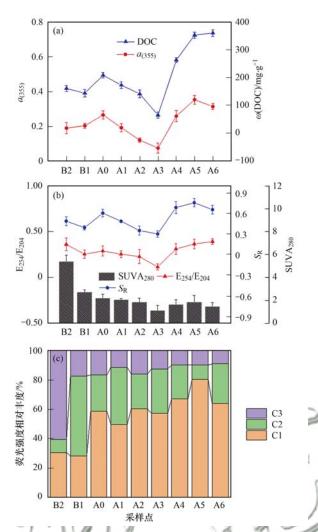
Table 2 Peak assignments of three components from PARAFAC analysis based on Openfluor database

组分	激发波长(E_{x})/nm	发射波长(E_{m})/nm	类型	文献
CI	360/280	450	陆源类腐殖质	[29,30]
(62)	300	400	陆源或海洋类腐殖质	[31,32]
C3	290	370	色氨酸类蛋白	[33 ,35]

WSOM 荧光组分在尾水区沿程变化情况如图 2 (c) 所示. 结果显示 C1 组分占比逐渐增加. 据报道 在以污水排放为主要补给的河流中,高分子腐殖质 物质在水体 DOM 中占据优势地位[1],这可能是导 致尾水区底栖生物膜 WSOM 中类腐殖质含量较大 的主要原因. 疏水性有机物主要由大分子类腐殖质 组成,而亲水性有机物主要由低分子量的多糖、蛋白 质和氨基酸组成[15],因此尽管生物膜 WSOM 的疏 水性在下降,仍以高疏水性、高分子量的类腐殖质物 质为主. 斯皮尔曼相关性分析的结果显示 SUVA,300 与 C3 组分呈显著正相关($R^2 = 0.97, P < 0.01$). 色 氨酸类蛋白本身具备良好的芳香性质,且芳香结构 稳定性较高,因此 C3 组分在底栖生物膜 WSOM 中 占比稳定. DOC 与 S_R 、 E_{254}/E_{204} 和 $a_{(355)}$ 之间存在显 著的正相关关系($R^2 > 0.8, P < 0.05$), $S_R 与 E_{254}$ / E_{204} 和 $a_{(355)}$ 也存在显著的正相关关系 ($R^2 > 0.8, P$ <0.05),说明生物膜 WSOM 的组成可能受到不同 性质有机质的影响,同时不同性质的有机质之间可 能存在相互作用[35],具体的作用方式需开展进一步 研究.

2.2 生物膜细菌群落特征

基于 16S rRNA 的测序结果,在 18 个样品中共 得到7 852个 ASVs. 使用 QIIME2 对每个样品中的所 有 ASVs 进行物种注释,发现污染源头区和污染下 游区的样品相较于上游区共增加了23门、49纲、 89 目、107 科和 173 属. 所有样品共发现 59 个门分 类水平上的细菌群落. 变形菌门(Proteobacteria)为 绝对的优势菌门,占总细菌序列的33.64%,其次为 拟杆菌门(Bacteroidota, 10.01%)、酸杆菌门 (Acidobacteriota, 8.79%)、绿弯菌门(Chloroflexi, 6.14%)和粘球菌门(Myxococcota, 5.50%). 不同采 样点位处细菌菌门的相对丰度存在差异[图 4 (a)]. 变形菌门(Proteobacteria)和疣微菌门 (Verrucomicrobiota)在尾水区的相对丰度占比较大. 变形菌门(Proteobacteria)、拟杆菌门(Bacteroidota) 和酸杆菌门(Acidobacteriota)是河流沉积物环境中 的优势菌群,也是河流氮、碳循环过程的重要参与 者[36]. 变形菌门(Proteobacteria)的分布受到河流中 脂类和腐殖质类 DOM 的影响. 拟杆菌门 (Bacteroidota)具有分解纤维素、淀粉多糖和碳水化



(a)WSOM 和 CWSOM 的浓度沿程变化,(b)紫外可见光谱特征 参数沿程变化,(c)各荧光组分荧光强度相对丰度

图 2 尾水区底栖生物膜 WSOM 光谱分析

Fig. 2 Spectroscopic analysis of WSOM in benthic biofilms

合物的功能,能使复杂化合物和不稳定有机质发生 再矿化作用. 疣微菌门(Verrucomicrobiota)也与类腐 殖质物质的降解密切相关,常参与河湖水体中 N-乙 酰氨基葡萄糖(NAG)的降解^[37,38]. 尾水区底栖生物 膜细菌群落的优势菌群相对稳定,为其参与河流的 生物地球化学循环提供了良好的条件.

底栖生物膜细菌群落的 α 多样性指数如表 3 所示. Coverage 指数都在 0. 999 以上,说明测序结果能够很好反映研究区域细菌群落的真实情况. Shannon 指数综合反映了细菌群落的丰富度及均匀度,其数值可以反映物种的多样性; Pielou指数则展

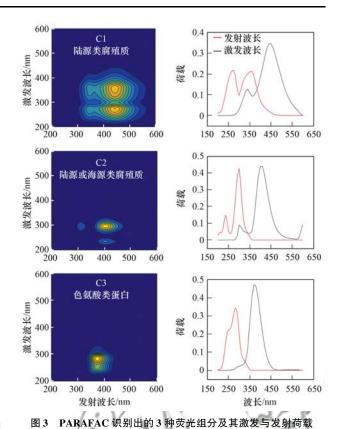
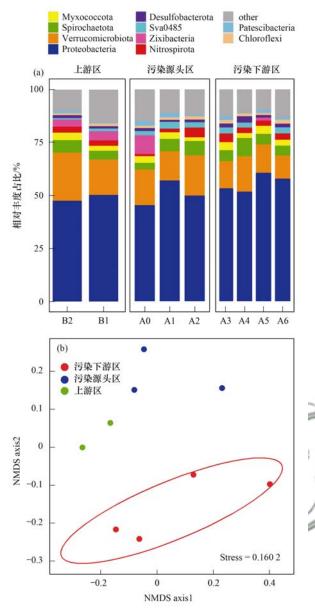


Fig. 3 Three main fluorescent components and their excitation and emission loadings determined via PARAFAC analysis

示了细菌群落的均匀度变化情况. Shannon 指数的 范围在7.93~8.46之间,在尾水区呈现:污染下游 区 > 污染源头区 > 上游区的变化趋势,说明底栖生 物膜细菌群落多样性在尾水区沿程增加,这与 Drury 等[39]的研究结论相悖. 尾水排放对受纳水体的影响 可能存在两面性, Drury 等[39]的研究中大流量的尾 水排放及沿线多氯联苯(PCBs)和多环芳烃(PAHs) 等有毒物质的人为输入是导致其底栖细菌群落多样 性下降的主要原因. 而在本研究中, 尾水来自处理生 活污水的中型污水厂,营养物含量较高且有毒物质 较少,为生物膜细菌群落提供了更加适宜的生存环 境,促进其生长与繁殖. Pielou 指数在污染源头区和 污染下游区高于上游区,说明受尾水排放影响的区 域底栖生物膜细菌群落组成更加均匀,多样性及均 匀度的增加使尾水受纳区生物膜细菌群落的结构更 加稳定[15]. Perujo 等[40]的研究也发现污水厂下游 的生物膜细菌群落能适应尾水排放的环境压力并有 效利用输入的外源有机质.

表 3 底栖生物膜细菌群落 α 多样性指数

指数	B2	B1	A0	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6
Shannon	7. 93	8. 06	7. 93	8. 25	8. 37	8. 33	8. 46	8. 28	8. 31
Pielou	0.88	0.89	0. 91	0.93	0. 92	0.93	0. 92	0. 94	0. 92
Coverage	0. 999 5	0. 999 7	0. 999 9	0. 999 6	0. 999 4	0. 999 6	0. 999 8	0. 999 8	0. 999 6



(a)生物膜细菌群落门水平相对丰度堆积;

(b)基于 Bray-Curtis 距离的 NMDS 排序

图 4 尾水区底栖生物膜细菌群落多样性分析

Fig. 4 Analysis of bacterial community diversity in benthic biofilms

使用非度量多维尺度分析研究尾水区不同区域底栖生物膜细菌群落的差异,发现同组的样品之间出现一定的聚集趋势,细菌群落结构相似,而不同组的样品之间则存在较大的距离[图 4(b)].尾水区中不同区域的底栖生物膜细菌群落受尾水排放的影响不同,有形成各自独特的群落结构的趋势.但是经ANOSIM 检验后发现不同区域的细菌群落之间无显著差异(R=0.23,P=0.88).细菌群落的差异通常体现在大范围或长时间的取样^[41],本研究中细菌群落未能形成差异可能主要归因于尾水区采样区域受限.

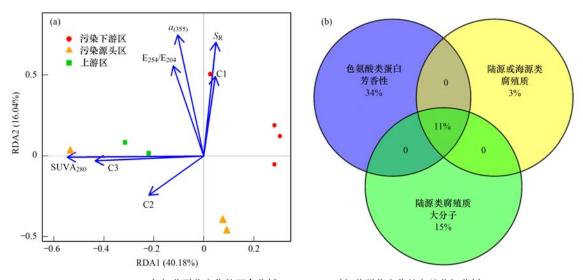
2.3 生物膜细菌群落与 WSOM 关系研究

2.3.1 生物膜 WSOM 对生物膜细菌群落变化的贡献 使用去趋势对应分析(DCA)对生物膜细菌群

落变化及环境因素进行检验,结果显示最大梯度长 度 < 3, 因此选择 RDA 对环境因子与细菌群落变化 之间的相关性做进一步地研究. 将生物膜 WSOM 特 征参数及荧光组分作为环境因子进行冗余分析[图 5(a)],RDA 第一轴和第二轴分别能够为细菌群落 的变化提供 40.18% 和 16.04% 的解释度. C3 组分 与 $SUVA_{280}$ 、C1 组分和 S_R 关系密切,说明色氨酸类 蛋白芳香性较强,而类腐殖质则以大分子物质为主, 这与前文中叙述的荧光组分所具有的光谱性质结论 相同. RDA 结果表明 CWSOM [a(355)]、芳香性 $(SUVA_{280})$ 和分子量 (S_R) 是影响尾水区底栖生物膜 细菌群落变化的3个主要因素[图5(a)]. 为了进一 步探索何种 WSOM 在影响生物膜细菌群落变化上 起主导作用,使用 VPA 分析探究大分子类腐殖质、 陆源或海源类腐殖质和芳香性色氨酸类蛋白这3类 WSOM 对生物膜细菌群落组成变化的贡献度. 结果 显示芳香性色氨酸类蛋白对细菌群落的变化贡献度 最大[图 5(b)],达到 34%,其次是大分子类腐殖质 (15%)和陆源或海源类腐殖质(3%),三者相互作 用下对细菌群落的贡献度为11%.综上所述,在尾 水受纳河流中,不同性质的生物膜 WSOM 是驱动生 物膜细菌群落组成发生变化的关键因素.

以往的研究常关注于浮游细菌结构与 DOM 特 性之间的关联,群落结构的变化通常取决于对外源 DOM 的利用效率和浮游细菌自身的降解能力[16]. Wear 等[42]研究了美国黑水河口湾中 DOM 性质,发 现生物利用度、光谱斜率、分子组成和来源等因素可 以显著影响水中细菌群落组成. Zhang 等[13]的研究 发现太湖全湖区陆源腐殖质和色氨酸在时间水平上 与细菌群落的变化显著相关. Melo 等[14]的研究报道 了亚马逊河漫滩的洪水能够调节 DOM 的来源与芳 香性,进而在 DOM 性质与细菌群落组成之间构建 紧密的联系. 生物膜内部的细菌具有更多的胞外酶 和更适宜的物质吸收环境,同时生物膜基质还为细 菌对有机质的吸收利用提供了良好的载体[7,12]. 尽 管腐殖质是生物膜有机质的主要成分,但其生物可 利用性差,不易被细菌使用,因而对群落变化的贡献 度低于更易于被微生物分解使用的色氨酸类蛋 白[14]. 在河流生态系统中, 微生物在对类蛋白物质 的分解利用的同时也产生腐殖质类物质[18],故生物 膜细菌群落与 WSOM 的组成处于一个动态变化之 中. 细菌群落组成会对有机质组分的变化做出反馈, 能够适应且高效利用外来有机质的细菌群落将成为 尾水区底栖生物膜细菌中的优势群体.

2.3.2 生物膜 WSOM 与细菌群落的共现网络分析 基于斯皮尔曼相关系数构建 ASVs 和 WSOM 组



(a) WSOM 与细菌群落变化的冗余分析,(b) WSOM 对细菌群落变化的方差分解分析 图 5 细菌群落变化的冗余分析与方差分解分析

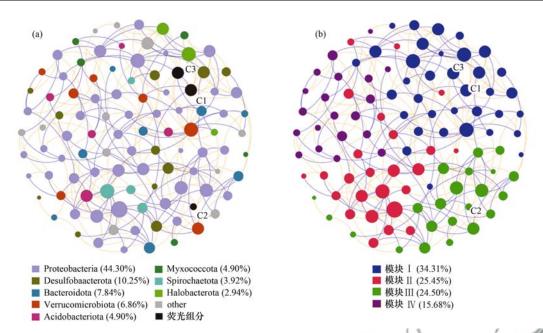
Fig. 5 Redundancy analysis and variance decomposition analysis of bacterial community changes

分的共现网络以进一步探究细菌群落与 WSOM 之 间的深层联系. 筛选显著相关的边($R^2 > 0.6$, P <0.05) 构建共现网络, 网络中共有 102 个节点和 304 条边,其中正负相关的边占比相当(53.6%和 46.3%),说明细菌群落内部及其与 WSOM 组分之 间存在复杂的相互关系. 网络中的优势菌门为 Proteobacteria (44.3%) Desulfobaacterota (10.3%)、Bacteroidota(7.8%)和 Verrucomicrobiota (6.9%). 将网络进行模块化处理后, 共形成 4 个模 块,模块化度为0.51,大于0.4,表明网络具有良好 的模块化结构. 网络中形成的 4 个模块占比分别为 34.3%、25.5%、24.5%和15.7%,每个模块中包含 了不同的 ASVs 和 WSOM, C2 组分属于模块 I,与 Proteobacteria 、 Bacteroidota Spirochaetota Desulfobaacterota 关系密切:模块 Ⅲ则聚集了 Proteobacteria 、 Bacteroidota Verrucomicrobiota, Halobacterota、Desulfobaacterota、类腐殖质组分 C1 与色氨酸类蛋白 C3.

Proteobacteria 广泛分布于各个模块[图 6(a)], 他们参与包括类腐殖质、类色氨酸在内的有机质的 降解与生成. 研究证明 Proteobacteria 在水环境的有 机碳代谢过程中发挥重要作用[27]. 类腐殖质组分的 降解或生成主要与 Proteobacteria、Desulfobaacterot 和 Halobacterota 相关,而 Proteobacteria、Bacteroidota 和 Halobacterota 则主要参与色氨酸类蛋白的新陈代 谢「图 6(b)]. 大量研究已经证实 Proteobacteria 中 的 β -Proteobacteria α-Proteobacteria、 Proteobacteria 和 Bacteroidota、Verrucomicrobiota 与 类腐殖质组分的降解或生成密切相关, Bacteroidota γ-Proteobacteria, **Firmicutes**

Actinobacteria 则主要参与色氨酸类物质的生消过程^[18,43]. 值 得 注 意 的 是, 除 Proteobacteria 外, Halobacterota 也 与 3 种 荧 光 组 分 联 系 紧 密. Halobacterota 是一种产甲烷古菌,相较于其他常见的产甲烷菌门(如 Euryarchaeota 等)具有更多样化的底物摄取范围,可利用如甲氧基芳香族化合物等外来底物,是控制尾水区甲烷产生的关键环节,在尾水区河流的碳循环过程中扮演重要角色^[44]. 共现网络展现了细菌群落之间复杂的相互关系,生物膜WSOM 是生物膜有机质中的最活跃部分,其分布和动态 变 化 与 微 生 物 的 代 谢 物 密 切 相 关^[45]. Proteobacteria 和 Halobacterota 通过参与河流碳循环过程,构建细菌群落与 WSOM 组 分之间的紧密联系.

从属水平上看,模块 II 中与 C1 和 C3 组分显著相关的 Methanoregula 属于 Halobacterota,是已知的能参与直接种间电子转移的产甲烷古菌之一,它能直接接收电子并将 CO₂ 还原为 CH₄,参与河流碳循环过程^[46].模块 II 中的 MND1 和 Arenimonas 都属于Proteobacteria, MND1 在土壤、地表水和地下水生态系统中都曾被高频率检出,具有在好氧、厌氧等环境下进行多种物质代谢的功能^[47]; Arenimonas 能快速分解易降解有机物,是一种生长速度较快的富营养指示菌^[48],它们都能够更加适应尾水区的复杂环境条件,在河流生态系统的生物地球化学循环过程中发挥重要作用.共现网络分析证实尾水区底栖生物膜细菌群落与 WSOM 的组成将以动态变化的模式应对尾水中复杂不确定成分的冲击,这种动态变化同样揭示了尾水排放对受纳水体造成的生态影响.



(a)门水平细菌,(b)不同类型的模块;蓝色表示负相关,橙色表示正相关;节点大小与连接度成正比;节点分别以门水平细菌与模块着色 图 6 生物膜中荧光组分和细菌 ASVs 基于斯皮尔曼相关系数构建的共现网络

Fig. 6 Co-occurrence network analysis between ASVs and three fluorescence components base on Spearman's correlation analysis

3 结论

- (1)尾水区底栖生物膜 WSOM 以大分子的类腐殖质为主, 芳香性色氨酸类蛋白在底栖生物膜 WSOM 中含量稳定, 不同性质的有机质可能影响底栖生物膜 WSOM 的组成.
- (2)受尾水排放影响的底栖生物膜细菌群落多样性和均匀度较高,群落结构更加稳定. CWSOM、有机质芳香性和分子量是影响尾水区底栖生物膜细菌群落变化的主要因素,其中芳香性色氨酸蛋白对细菌群落变化的解释度最高(34%).
- (3)共现网络揭示生物膜细菌群落之间复杂的相互关系, Proteobacteria 和 Halobacterota 通过河流碳循环参与生物膜 WSOM 的新陈代谢, 构建起细菌群落与 WSOM 组分之间的紧密联系, 这种动态变化使底栖生物膜具有作为尾水区生态变化指示标志的潜力.

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HUANJING KEXUE

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